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U. S. CONGRESS PASSES CONSCRIPTION BILL WITH ONLY SLIGHT OPPOSITION!

Senate Authorises Roosevelt Expedition to France, But House Rejects It!

GERMAN SOCIALISTS CALL WORKERS TO MAY DAY STRIKE

Demand 8-Hour Day, World Peace And International Fraternisation

GROENER'S THREAT

Labor Director Says 'Political Traitors' Will Be Ruthlessly Punished

RUSSIAN FIRMNESS

Will Take Action Against Pacifist Exiles Under German Influence

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, April 27.—The Independent Socialist Party has passed a resolution inviting work-people on May 1 to demand an eight-hour day, world peace and international fraternisation. The German newspaper Tagebiatt regards this as an invitation to the people to celebrate the day by a strike.

A message from Berlin states that General von Groener's proclamation calls on patriotic war-workers to act ruthlessly towards agitators. It says: "Who dares defy Hindenburg's call? He is a scoundrel who strikes."

Resent 'Impudent Demand'

Another message says that General von Groener, Director of Labor Supply, speaking in the Reichstag, said that he would have considered the question of lightening workmen's labors, but for the impudent telegram sent by the Leipzig Labor Conference to the German Chancellor, making various political demands, including the establishment of a Labor Council on the Russian model. This was madness.

He concluded by announcing his intention to placard the whole of Germany with a proclamation demanding the cessation of strikes and intimating that political traitors will be ruthlessly punished.

A Socialist Deputy, Herr Davidsohn, promised General von Groener that forcible repression of the workmen's demands would not succeed.

Threaten Severe Measures

London, April 27.—The Press Bureau states that the German wireless service announces that Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German Chancellor, has sent a letter to the Federal Governments in Germany, emphasising the necessity for uninterrupted labor in war industries and declaring that "whoever attacks our brave warriors in the back will be punished with the full force of the law."

French Socialists Decline Parley

Paris, April 28.—The French Socialist Party has refused to send delegates to the International Socialist Conference at Stockholm, owing to the presence of Austrian and German Socialists, "who have made Socialism the accomplice of an aggressive Government. Such a conference could, at the most, encourage attempts to obtain a separate peace."

Firm Hand in Russia

Petrograd, April 28.—The bluejackets, soldiers and great bulk of the public are tiring of the increasing anarchist open-air harangues by returned exiles, whose journey to Petrograd was facilitated by the German Government and it is not improbable that acts will soon follow the complaints against their behavior.

New York, April 28.—Replying to the message sent by the leading Jews in America, urging Russia not to conclude a separate peace with Germany, M. Miliukoff telegraphs that no Party in Russia has contemplated or could contemplate the

(Continued on Page 2)

French Take Over 21,000, 175 Cannon, Hundreds Of Other Guns in Great Drive

Haig Adds 1,000 More Prisoners; Captures Arleux And German Positions Along Front of Two Miles

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, April 29.—The official communique issued on Friday evening reported: There has been a marked reciprocal artillery action north-west of Rheims and in the Champagne, but no infantry action.

Three German aeroplanes were brought down on the 26th, in addition to six seriously damaged and forced to descend. One of our air-squadrons bombed the stations and bivouacs in the region of Ribemont and Crecy-sur-Terre.

The communique yesterday afternoon reported: There has been a fairly great artillery duel in the Champagne. Our machine-gun fire smashed up a German attack, which was preceded by a violent bombardment, east of Auberive.

Since the 16th, we have captured 175 heavy-caliber and field-guns, 412 machine-guns, 119 trench-mortars and 20,780 prisoners.

Progress at Ostel

The communique in the evening reported: There has been an intermittent artillery duel on most of the front, which was sometimes violent in the region of the Aisne. We made progress in the region of Ostel, on the Chemin-des-Dames Plateau, taking some prisoners. Everywhere else, the front was quiet.

Two German aeroplanes were felled and six others forced to land, damaged, on the 27th.

The French correspondent at the British front gives figures of the enormous losses inflicted on the Germans. Most of the enemy units lost twenty per cent of their effectives in the preliminary bombardments alone. Altogether, twelve divisions have been sent to the rear, crippled.

French Enlarge Positions

The official communique issued this afternoon reported: There have been isolated operations in the region north and south of Courcy and north-west of Rheims. We took 150 prisoners and appreciably enlarged our positions.

There has been a fairly lively artillery duel in the Champagne, between Prunay and Auberive.

Our detachments penetrated as far as the enemy's second line at several points in Upper Alsace. Lively grenading ended to our advantage, cost the Germans losses and we brought back prisoners.

The communique this evening reported: On the Plateau of Chemin-des-Dames, there has been an energetic reciprocal artillery action at Hurtebise and a grenade duel between the front lines in this region was equally lively. We effectively bombarded the German organisations, north-west of Rheims.

We took 200 prisoners last night in the region of Courcy.

Drop 13 German Aeroplanes

London, April 29.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported yesterday evening: Nothing of special interest has occurred on the battle-front.

There has been marked activity in the air. Seven German aeroplanes have been brought down and six others driven down. Six of ours are missing.

Sir Douglas Haig reported yesterday morning: We attacked this morning on a front of several miles northwards of the River Scarpe. Our troops are meeting with considerable opposition, but are making good progress. Fighting continues.

Sir Douglas Haig reported in the evening: There has been severe fighting, in which we have had the advantage, all day long, from the River Scarpe to the Acheville to Vimy road. We captured Arleux-en-Gohelle and the enemy's positions on a front of over two miles north and south of that village.

We also made progress north-eastward of Gavrelle and on the western slopes of Greenland Hill, between Gavrelle and Roeux. South-

(Continued on Page 2)

Ship Which Will Take von Hintze Back to Europe

S.S. FREDERIK VIII.

Above is a photograph of the Norwegian liner Frederik VIII., which took Count von Bernstorff and his suite back to Germany via Norway or Denmark. The former Ambassador's staff was comprised of more than 200 persons, most of whom were employed at the Embassy at Washington. According to a cable from San Francisco this vessel also will take von Hintze, the former German Minister to China, across the Atlantic.

JOFFRE IMPRESSES NEED FOR SENDING ARMY FORTHWITH

Don't Wait to Raise Half Million Men, Is French Leader's Advice

WANTS EFFICIENCY

America to Lend Entente Monthly £80,000,000 To £100,000,000

TO STAY AT HOME

Every Dollar to Be Spent In U.S. on Food And War Supplies

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 29.—The House of Representatives has passed the Conscription Bill by 397 votes to 24 and the Senate has passed it by 81 votes to 8.

The House of Representatives, during the debate on the Army Bill, defeated an amendment authorising Colonel Roosevelt to raise a volunteer force for service in France, by 170 votes to 106.

The Senate adopted an amendment authorising Colonel Roosevelt to raise four infantry divisions for service in France.

Marshal Joffre has addressed a statement to the American people, in which he impresses on them the need for an American army in France and states that the essential thing is that an efficient unit shall be sent as swiftly as possible, without waiting to raise an army of half-a-million. The Americans in the French army needed for training the American forces might return to the United States.

It is officially indicated that America will finance the Entente to the extent of at least £80,000,000 and possibly £100,000,000 a month. The needs of Great Britain are £45,000,000, France £22,000,000, Russia £20,000,000 and Italy £10,000,000 monthly.

A tentative program provides that practically every dollar advanced will be spent in the United States on food, munitions and other supplies.

SUNG CHAO-JEN MURDER CHARGED TO MAN HERE

Is Seen By Sun Yat-sen And Others For Identification; Says He's Brother of Suspect

A man under suspicion of being one of the chief instigators of the murder of Sung Chao-jen, former Minister of Agriculture and Forestry, (which occurred in 1913, at the Shanghai-Nanking Railway station) is now lodged in the civil detention house at the Mixed Court. Hung Jeh-cho, who has been living in Tsingtau ever since the assassination, was named defendant in a claim for Tls. 15,000 by a Tsingtau German merchant represented by Dr. J. O. Fischer.

Upon hearing the news, Dr. Sun Yat-sen and Mr. Pei Weng-wei, two colleagues of the deceased and the victim's son were allowed an interview with the man in custody, upon a court order for identification. If he is proved to be Hung, an order for extradition will probably be applied for through the Nantao Criminal Court, under whose jurisdiction the tragedy took place.

The German claims that defendant is Hung and his counsel is ready to prove the statement with photographs, but the man arrested only admits that Hung is his brother and says he himself is Chang Chiao-an. He states that he is willing to satisfy the claim for his brother and has offered Tls. 6,500 cash and a title deed for land in Tientsin for security for the balance.

The defendant was arrested on a warrant at 621 North Shanse Road, Saturday.

DEFINITE ISSUE OF WAR OR PEACE FOR NORWAY

To Be Settled At Secret Parliamentary Session; Severe Rioting In Sweden

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 27.—There are indications that the German submarine campaign is rendering life increasingly difficult for the neutral countries in Europe, for which reasons Spain has sent a strong Note to Germany. Severe rioting and protests against the shortage of food have occurred in Sweden, while there is increasing anger in Norway at the systematic destruction of the Norwegian mercantile marine and the interruption of her trade with Denmark. The secret session of Parliament in Christiania is described in the Norwegian Press as meaning peace or war for Norway.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. May 2
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Katori Maru May 3
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Y'shiro M. May 5
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru..May 8
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. May 12
For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—
Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru May 3
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Awa Maru..May 5
For Europe:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hirano Maru May 1
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Fushimi M. May 5

The American mail is due here on or about May 5, per P.M. s.s. Venezuela.

Saturday Club To Hear Eye-Witness on Revolt That Dethroned Tsar

The thirty-first meeting of the Saturday Club is announced for next Tuesday at 12.30 p.m. at the Palace Hotel. The program will be as follows and members are asked to notify Secretary George A. Fitch, 120 Szechuen Road, of their intention to attend:

Chairman: Hon. C. H. Chu, Commissioner of Foreign Affairs.

Speakers: Dr. E. L. Marsh, M. B., C. M., D. P. H., "Medical Research at the Front in France."

Mr. G. M. Day, M. A., B. D., "The Russian Revolution."

The meeting is being held on Tuesday instead of Saturday because of Mr. Day's inability to wait over. He is en route to America. Mr. Day's address should be of great interest. He was in Petrograd during the revolution and was an eye-witness of the stirring scenes enacted there. Mr. Day has been a resident of Petrograd for seven or eight years and during the war has taken a leading part in war prisoner work.

Captains Ask Bounty Over Tsingtau Ships

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 23.—The Prize Court has reserved judgment in the claim made by the Commanders of H. M. S. Triumph and H. M. S. Usk for a bounty of £6,000 in connection with the sinking of seven enemy warships at Tsingtau. The Crown contended that the co-operation of military and naval forces destroyed the title of the navy to a bounty.

Turks Lose First Line In Palestine Campaign

Greatest Battle In History Of Holy Land Now Being Waged, Massey Writes

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 28.—Massey, writing "Before Gaza," on the 21st, says that the biggest battle in the history of Palestine is proceeding. "We have gained the enemy's first line, but apparently there will be a period of trench-warfare before we reach the second trench-system, which has converted Gaza into a very strong fortress and an early decision must not be expected.

"The Turkish position comprises extensive sand-dunes, an extraordinary variety of redoubts, trenches and pits, with a precipitous ravine intersecting the plain and a range of hills."

Describing the fighting, Mr. Massey mentions that the British are using 11-inch guns and "tanks" and he refers to Scottish troops and Anzacs.

Hindu Sentenced To Hang For Killing Compatriot

Jur, Returns Verdict Of Guilty In British Supreme Court After Deliberating Seven Minutes

A verdict of guilty and sentence of death came seven minutes after the case of Atma Ram, a Hindu charged with the murder of Harnam Singh, a Sikh, at Nanking, went to the jury in the British Supreme Court last evening.

The verdict came after the defendant had been placed in the witness box and, with dramatic simplicity, admitted the shooting, justifying his action by the declaration that the victim was a "British spy" and an "enemy to India." He had previously entered a plea of not guilty. A long written statement setting forth his reasons and quoting precedents also intended to justify the act was ruled out of the evidence by Sir Havilland de Sausmarez, Chief Judge, but the man was allowed to read a part of this paper to the jury.

The confession in the box came after the Crown had closed with a number of witnesses.

Some confused testimony regarding the shooting, which occurred on February 10 in the Sikh bungalow of the International Importing Company, by which concern both men were employed, had been given by three watchmen.

Atma Ram waved the interpreter aside when called by Mr. D. McNeill, counsel for the defense. He told his story coolly in concise English.

"I prayed to God Almighty to prosper me in what I was about to do for my country," he said. "It was at noon in a hut behind the bungalow. Then I went to the bungalow. Harnam Singh was there, and three others. I asked him for news and he gave me the paper he had been reading, for which I thanked him, and he went aside to eat with Daram Singh. He and Gunda Singh arranged to go out and Harnam Singh stood before me.

"Then I killed him. I used the pistol shown here. I used eight cartridges, which can be used in this pistol. Afterward I kicked him. I said: 'Oh, you enemy of my nation and of three hundred and thirty million innocent souls, go to God Almighty and give an account for your treacherous deeds.'"

Questioned by the court, the defendant declared that by treachery he meant that the deceased was a "British spy" and an "agent of an oppressing nation."

"You are a revolutionist, are your not?" inquired Mr. A. G. Mossop, Acting Crown Advocate, who appeared for the prosecution.

"Yes," replied Atma. "I am a revolutionist."

Mr. McNeill in summing up made an appeal for clemency, emphasising the point that if conviction were imperative it should rest solely on the prisoner's declaration and not upon the garbled and obviously fabricated evidence of the three Indian witnesses. Sir Havilland then instructed the jury and the conviction and imposing of sentence followed.

Elements of mystery were injected into the case in touching the manner and means of death. According to the testimony of Dr. Smith of Nanking and other witnesses, the victim was slain by bullets of small caliber, evidently from an automatic pistol. He was struck in at least seven places. On the other hand the weapon identified by the murderer as the one he used is a revolver of the bull-dog type, using a large lead ball. It is believed that the man borrowed the weapon used in the slaying from some friend whom he sought to protect by his testimony.

Peking Post Denies Police Censorship

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, April 30.—The Peking Post denies the report that it has been notified that all matter it publishes must first be submitted to Police Headquarters.

BRAZIL TO ACT MAY 3

Declaration of War Expected After Congress Opens Session

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rio de Janeiro, April 27.—Congress will open on May 3. It will decree a state of war with Germany, confiscation of interned German ships and the opening of the ports of Brazil to the Allies.

INDIA EAGER TO GIVE MORE HELP TO EMPIRE

Willing To Turn All Its Resources To Winning Of War, Says Sir James Meston

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 25.—At the Empire Press luncheon, today, Sir James Meston stated that there was a time when it was thought that India had done less than it ought to have done. The reason it had not done more was that it was not told what to do. If India had known the position, it would have done a great deal more.

In its resources, treasure and other ways, the whole of India was anxious to help. It only wanted a lead to mobilise its great resources and place them without stint at the service of the Empire.

He dwelt on the courtesy shown by Mr. Austen Chamberlain in assisting the work of the representatives of India at the Imperial Conference.

DRIVE ON WEST FRONT STOPS ITALY INVASION

Projected Offensive By Teutons Prevented By Allied Blows In France

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 28.—Reuter's Agency learns from an authoritative Italian source that the Anglo-French offensive has destroyed the hopes held by Austria and Germany of invading Italy and the enemy are now anxiously awaiting the Italian offensive, for which very elaborate preparations have been made. Up to the present, bad weather has delayed these operations, but it is certain that Generalissimo Cadorna will choose the most favorable opportunity for a smashing blow, which may decide the issues of the war in the Near East.

India's War Problems Emphasised at Meeting

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 23.—Presiding at the annual meeting of the Colonial Institute, Sir Charles Lucas emphasised the need for developing the Indian side of the Institute, since India would be greater than ever after the war.

The Weather

Variable winds. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 75.9 and the minimum 56.9, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 64.7 and 57.4.

RUSSIANS RECAPTURE GROUND WON BY TURKS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 29.—(By wireless).—A Russian official communique yesterday reported: In the direction of Erzingan, the Turks have been intensely active, capturing as height south-eastward of Bana and also, with Kurdish support, a portion of the heights occupied by our advance posts. Our counter-attack restored the position.

A communique today reported: We have recaptured the height we lost yesterday. In the direction of Erzingan, Turkish attempts to attack near Tukepinari, westward of Belumer, were repelled.

Liberia To Join Allies In African Campaign

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 28.—It is probable that Liberia will join the Allies in eliminating German trade and influence in West Africa, finally suppressing the transmission of German wireless news there.

Germans Bomb Port And Make Escape

Enemy Air-Craft Damage Shipping At Sulina On The Danube

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Berlin, April 29.—An official communique reports: On the 26th, German sea-planes bombed the port of Sulina, on the Danube, causing serious fires in the harbor and on lighters and returned safely, despite violent anti-aircraft fire.

Letters Tend To Prove "Body" Stories True

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 27.—The Times continues to publish letters from various sources respecting the "cadaver" statement, which it published on the 17th and which Reuter's Agency cabled. These letters quote dictionaries and official documents showing that the word "cadaver" is used in German for "human body."

23 Russian Generals Displaced By Minister

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, April 27.—Following the visit M. Gutchkoff, Minister of War, has made to the south-western front, twenty-three Generals, including Generals of Divisions, have been replaced.

Call Workers To May Day Strike

(Continued from Page 1)

eventuality of a separate peace with the foreign aggressor.

Report Hungarian Revolution

(From the Japanese Press)

San Francisco, April 22.—According to intelligence reaching the Vatican, a revolutionary movement has arisen in Hungary and, in consequence, Budapest and twenty-five other cities are besieged by revolutionists.

New York, April 21.—The German authorities are very anxious about anti-German feeling in Austria. Most of the German newspapers are criticising Austria's attitude towards Germany, saying that of late it has lacked sincerity and that the Emperor of Austria has been misled by those about him.

The latest Amsterdam message says that, in Berlin, 60,000 strikers still refuse to resume work and the Government is endeavoring to win them over, but so far the Government efforts have proved of little avail. In view of all this, the situation in Germany and Austria is being watched with close interest and it is expected that there will be further developments.

Aids In Military Camp For Women

MRS GEORGE BARNETT.

Mrs. Barnett, wife of Major General George Barnett, commander of the United States Marine Corps, who will play a leading part in the establishment at Washington, this Summer, of the second encampment of the National Service School, a military camp for women. Mrs. Barnett was commissary officer of the camp held last year. She will hold that post this Summer.

French Take Over 21,000 in Big Drive

(Continued from Page 1)

ward of the River Scarpe, we gained ground northward of Monchy-le-Preux.

Haig Takes Many Captives

The enemy, in their many violent counter-attacks, with considerable forces, suffered heavily from our artillery and machine-gun fire. Heavy fighting in the neighborhood of Roeux and Oppy continues. We have taken several hundred prisoners.

Four enemy aeroplanes have been brought down. Three of ours are missing.

Sir Douglas Haig reported today: A strong counter-attack made during the night on our new positions northwards of Arleux-en-Gohelle was broken up. Fighting continues for places northward of the Scarpe.

Sir Douglas Haig reported this evening: This morning, we captured the enemy's trench-system southward of Oppy on a front of a mile, after heavy fighting, the enemy offering a stubborn resistance and making several unsuccessful counter-attacks. Since yesterday morning, we have taken 976 prisoners.

We brought down three German aeroplanes. Three of ours are missing.

German Bulletins

(By wireless).—A German official communique yesterday morning reported: On both banks of the Scarpe, the enemy continued their strong bombardment. Several British attacks at Monchy, yesterday afternoon, broke down, with heavy losses.

The artillery battle between Loos and St. Quentin increased this morning to extreme violence and afterwards the infantry battle recommenced on the whole front. Three enemy aeroplanes and two balloons were brought down.

The German official communique in the evening reported: On the battle-field of Arras, today, the British, for the third time, failed completely in their attempt to break through the German lines. Strong attacks on a front of thirty kilometers, on both banks of the Scarpe, failed.

A German official communique today reported: The enemy's principal thrust northward of the Scarpe, yesterday, was against our positions between Acheville and Roeux, where the battle raged with extreme violence. The British forced their way into Arleux, Oppy and our positions near Gavrelle and Roeux. In a hand-to-hand struggle, we regained our former positions, with the exception of Arleux. There was a desperate battle also southward of the Scarpe, in the low-land, where the attacks of the British failed, with heavy losses.

Half Oppy is Taken

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters wires that the British forces, attacking with magnificent ardor, have occupied Arleux and forced their way through half the village of Oppy. The fighting is very bitter and very fierce. Counter-attacks are developing everywhere and the battle is becoming truly homeric.

"These are the terrible days for which we have been nearly three years preparing." Thus Reuter's correspondent sums up the battle now proceeding. "There is grim satisfaction that we are forcing a devastating battle upon the enemy.

"Von Hindenburg now has no choice but to see that he cannot withdraw his shaken masses faster than we can press them. We have now called the tune and the Germans must dance to it.

"The New Army glories in this feeling. It is answering the talk of an inconclusive peace. The German casualties are tremendous.

"Our first and third armies were engaged today on a front of attack which extended from the Valley of the Scarpe northwards to east of Vimy. Their main goal was the Oppy-Switch Line, otherwise the Drocourt to Queant Line, being the hastily constructed northerly extension of the Hindenburg Line.

Desperate Counter-Attacks

"The fighting was fiercest between Oppy and Roeux where there were numerous traverses, redoubts and machine-gun posts between our positions and those occupied by the Germans, which were the scene of fluctuating struggles as the determined pressure of the British was met by very desperate counter-attacks. It is reported that von Hindenburg is so annoyed by the German defeat at Vimy that he is now throwing in reserves who are ordered to stand, regardless of their sacrifices.

"There was nothing at the Somme to compare with the number and fury of the present counter-attacks. For instance, the counter-attack made by the enemy against Gavrelle, today, was the fifteenth since the Germans lost the place.

"Once today, near Oppy, five waves of German troops advanced blindly, in face of an appalling fire, in an attempt to retake their lost positions. A torrent of explosives and heavy shells made gashes in their ranks, while the survivors who progressed were met by the fire of our field-guns and continuous sprays of maxim and rifle bullets, till the counter-attack utterly collapsed.

Deadly Close Fighting

"Often, the rifles of the British decided the rout of the Germans, but frequently deadly personal grapples occurred, in which the bayonet, but more often the butt, was used. The muddy battlefield of last week has disappeared and has been replaced by clouds of dust, which obscure the sunshine of the otherwise blue and golden day.

"The British have crossed the German line west of Oppy, hence the village was the center of fighting the whole day long, especially Greenland Hill, which is a knoll south-west of Oppy, overlooking the Valley of the Scarpe."

Reuter's correspondent wired today: "Bitter fighting continued throughout last night and today, the Germans throwing in fresh troops at vital points as fast as possible. Our artillery is gradually subduing the enemy's machine-guns.

"Our positions have been favorably established in the valley of the Scarpe. Roeux is the scene of very bitter fighting, owing to its tactical value. The enemy are sacrificing droves of men to keep us out."

Reuter's correspondent adds: "Doubtless the German communiques will continue to make what capital they can out of the fact that we have not broken through, although no-one knows better than the German High Command how misleading the phrase really is.

Fifty Mile Front

"What we are really doing is pressing back the Hun legions upon a front which, up to the present, has reached a length of fifty miles and wearing them down as they go until a stage must inevitably be reached when their powers of further resistance will be broken. The defeat of the German army can only be accomplished by this process of destruction and its present tactics of massed resistance are all hastening our approach to the only end which can glorify the great sacrifice."

In the House of Commons, yesterday, Mr. F. G. Kellaway mentioned that the heavy caliber shells fired during the first week on the Arras offensive were nearly double in number to those fired in the first week of the Somme offensive, while, in the second week at Arras, six and a half times more heavy shells were used than in the second week of the battle of the Somme. This was without precedent in the whole war.

Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters, in a message dated the 27th, states that, since the battle began, re-inforcements equalling almost the whole original defending force have been poured into the German positions and von Hindenburg is throwing in his reserves and accepting appalling sacrifices in a vain effort to recover lost ground.

No Rest in Champagne

The adversaries in the Champagne are in no way resting. The bombardment rages every day and extremely furious tornadoes of fire precede the German attacks on the French positions, which the latter have maintained, despite the assaults of enormous masses of German infantry this week.

It must be remembered that the battles in the Champagne and Artois form the two wings of a single strategical operation and the front is really continuously active between Lens and Auberive. For the time being, the French are wearing down the German reserves.

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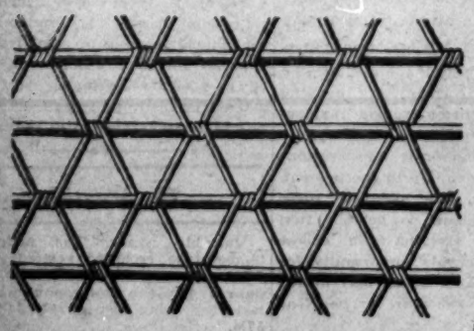

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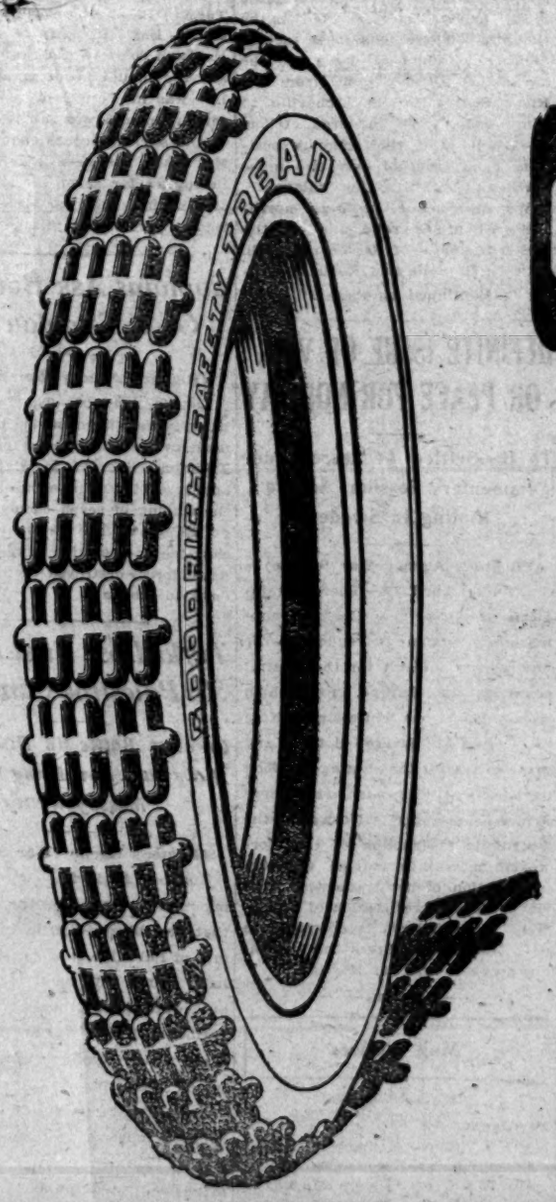

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Irish Settlement Essential To Speedy Victory---Ll. George

'We Must Concentrate on Defeating Worst Enemy Ever Encountered,' Asserts Premier

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 28.—The following were the concluding passages of Mr. Lloyd George's speech at the Guildhall, on the occasion of the presentation of the freedom of the City:

"We have been taught by war the real value of Empire and one of the first duties of statesmanship in future will be to take the necessary measures to aid in the development of the stupendous resources we possess. That ought to be our special care, our special pride, as it undoubtedly will be our special security. We want to develop the lands under the flag.

"If, fifty years ago, we had directed our minds, power and influence to that end, we would now have had double the population the Dominions at present possess and have diverted emigration to the Dominions instead of to other lands and you would also have attracted the virile populations of Europe.

To Knit Empire Closer

"We have decided that, in future, it is the business of British and Dominion statesmanship to knit the Empire in closer bonds of interest, trade, commerce, business and general intercourse in affairs. We have considered the problem and have decided that, in order to develop those enormous territories in the future, it is necessary that exceptional encouragement should be given to the products of each part of the Empire. We believe a system of preference could be established which would not involve the imposition of burdens on food.

"We believe it can be done without that and, of course, with food very scarce and very dear, this is not the time to talk of putting additional burdens on food. But, for the purpose of preference, that would not be essential.

"You can secure that by other means, particularly by taking measures which other lands have taken for improving communication between one part of their dominions and another. By these means, the products of one country inside this great Imperial Commonwealth can be brought more freely, more readily and more economically to the markets of the other.

Have Infinite Resources

"The Empire has infinite resources of wealth, minerals, food-products, timber and every commodity needful for man, and it is obviously advantageous, not merely to the particular country producing these products, but to every other part, including the United Kingdom, that these commodities should be developed to the utmost. This would enrich, strengthen and bind together the Empire as a whole."

Referring to Ireland, the Premier said that it must be converted from a suspicious, surly and dangerous neighbor to a cheerful and loyal comrade, if they were to have a well-knit Empire and that is essential for the peace of the world. Ireland was the one menacing prospect on the whole horizon.

If he appealed for a settlement with Ireland, it was because he knew, from the facts driven into his mind every hour, that, in America, Australia, every part, it was regarded as one of the essentials of a speedy victory. Therefore, he appealed to the patriotism of every man to sink everything for the purpose of solving the problem.

"We must concentrate upon defeating the worst enemy we have ever encountered."

'Germany's Greatest Disappointment'

In conclusion, he referred to the position in India. "Germany's greatest disappointment in this war, and she has had many, has been India. Germany expected sedition, distraction, disaffection, disloyalty and the forces of Britain to be absorbed upon the task of subduing and suppressing these. What did she find? Eager enthusiasm, loyalty and help for the Empire, and I think India is entitled to ask that these loyal myriads should feel not as if they were a subject race in the Empire, but a partner-nation.

"All these questions require bold statesmanship. Timidity, timorousness, faint-heartedness, abhorrent in peace, are fatal in war. Britain has faced the problem of war with amazing courage. She must face the problems of peace with the same great spirit.

"I thank you, Lord Mayor and Council of this great city, not merely for the personal honor you have conferred on me, but for the encouragement coming from seeing men who once fought each other working side by side for the greatest end. May that comradeship endure, not merely to triumphant victory, but until the devastation of the war has been repaired and the fruits of a glorious victory have been gathered."

Subsequent to the luncheon, Mr. Lloyd George said: "I don't want anyone to feel that, things being all right, there is nothing more to do. That is one of the real difficulties. Exaggeration causes panic. On the other hand, if things are painted in their true colors, by saying that we will pull through with an effort, people will say: 'Let somebody else make the effort. I will do the pulling through.' Success is assured if everyone does his share.

Sidetracks Politics

"During the war, I have sidetracked politics, because the great war is like a serious illness, when ordinary vocations must be neglected and you must concentrate on meeting the dread enemy eating at your vitals. My experience of five months as Premier is that we have received help from men of every Party.

"The men who put victory for their Party before victory in the war are very few. Nevertheless, sometimes you feel that the Party is there. I am not going to make an application, but those who think that all Party feeling is so completely submerged that we can sail over the whole ocean with impunity have only got to watch and they will see here a little swirl, there a jagged rock.

"We will endeavor to avoid them and we will buy them, but, if we find them impeding the nation's navigation, there is enough explosive temper in this land to blow them up and fetch our cargo safely through."

Food Shortage Serious

The newspapers regard the menace of a shortage of food as a very serious matter. They publish appeals, including one signed by the Lord Mayor of London, calling upon the people to exercise the most rigid economy and self-denial. They state the public would better realise the gravity of the situation if the figures of tonnage and cargoes were published.

The Times says that it is understood that the Government sees no alternative to compulsory rationing and the Food Controller's Department is already printing food-tickets. Horse racing will cease after next week, in order to economise oats.

The Daily Mail says that the country will accept no excuses if the Admiralty continues to permit the command of the sea to pass into the hands of the U-boats.

The Daily Express says that the Admiralty must tackle the problem of preventing submarines leaving their holes by laying improved mines.

Want Admiralty Reorganised

The Daily Chronicle regards the failure of the Admiralty to deal with submarine warfare as very serious. He says that the older men in the Admiralty are still thinking of the naval problem in terms of super-dreadnoughts with the result that the Navy now, as for the past two years, is standing on the defensive.

It declares that the re-organisation of the Admiralty is an urgent national necessity. "Young officers are needed on central staff work. Our eventual victory is undoubted, but it will be an unsatisfactory victory if it means our losing command of the sea."

The Daily News says: "We are possibly approaching an unparalleled crisis. It is certain that the nation will meet privations most courageously, but it is entitled to know that the Government, particularly the Admiralty, is doing its utmost to counter the threat at our existence."

Big Gun And Ruined Somme Village

Above is a picture of one of the big French guns that has been booming out its song of death to the Germans who attempted to recapture the ground lost on the Somme. Only one shell touched the church—because the French were doing the shooting. Houses on both sides were smashed up.

House Puts Questions On Diplomatic Status

Peking, April 30.—On Saturday afternoon Premier Tuan Chi-jui and Dr. Wu Ting-fang, Minister for Foreign Affairs, having attended the Cabinet conference about the declaration of war against Germany, did not attend the full House Committee meeting in the Upper House. Wu Chao-chu, a Councillor of the Waichiaopu, attended in their place and reported the progress of diplomatic affairs and the present situation.

In reply to interpellations of members he stated that the views of all the Powers about the policy of China joining the side of the Entente Powers are not yet united. The reports about separate peace between Russia and Germany are neither false nor true and anyhow Germany and Russia are still fighting. The foreign policy of the Government is still under discussion in the Cabinet Council and when decided Premier Tuan Chi-jui will personally explain the policy in the House.

Some of the members called the reply of the Government delegates ambiguous and at one time the House became extremely noisy but finally it was decided that at the next meeting the House should ask either the Premier or Dr. Wu Ting-fang to attend the House.

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KAISER TO RISK ALL IN TITANIC BATTLE, IS VIEW IN FRANCE

Resolve To Stake Empire's Existence As Military Power In One Pitched Fight, Way German Retreat Is Interpreted

DIVERSIONS EXPECTED AT VERDUN AND ELSEWHERE

Berlin Hopes To Administer Crushing Defeat, Then Win Through To English Channel For Final Blow At England

By Lincoln Eyre

Paris, March 24.—The German Empire is preparing to stake its existence as a military power on a titanic pitched battle in the open country between Arras and Champagne. This is the conclusion I have reached from information reaching me from various sources.

As to the immediate progress of the campaign, the French have already, it is announced tonight, carried two of the outer forts of the girdle defending La Fere and farther north have pushed the Germans back "foot by foot" close to the outskirts of St. Quentin.

Hindenburg's withdrawal, which, it is understood, is being carried out under the eye of the Field Marshal himself, but under the immediate direction of Ludendorff, may already have come to an end. Its terminus is a battlefield carefully prepared weeks, even months, beforehand, upon which all that remains of Germany's real fighting forces—as differentiated from the graybeards and boys with which she lines her trenches in quiet sectors—will turn against the Entente armies in a last formidable attempt to efface the disastrous results of the Marne and Verdum.

The Germans will fall back, not into concrete trenches, but upon fully strategic positions, from which they will seek to sweep forward across the open fields upon the French and British hosts cautiously feeling their way toward them.

No More Lingering in Trenches

There will be no lingering for days in underground bomb-proofs while the artillery paves a safe road to the enemy's parapets. The action will be begun by airplane reconnaissances and encounters of cavalry patrols, as it was in Belgium and at the Marne and infantry will clash in charges and counter-charges, much as they did at Gettyburg or Waterloo.

Simultaneously with the commencement of the grand battle there will be German diversions at Verdun and elsewhere and possibly a strong offensive by the trench warfare method on the lines in the Ypres salient. The latter move would be undertaken only if the German Intelligence Department reported a scarcity of British troops in that region, owing to a demand for reinforcements in the center operations along the Somme and Oise Valleys. It would, of course, take the form of another drive at Calais.

Thus the German aims may be said to be two-fold. They hope to administer a defeat to the Allies as crushing as that at the Marne was to them and at the same time, or shortly afterward, win through to the coast of the English Channel, whence they can, of course, strike at Great Britain with renewed vigor.

In the event of the collapse of their plans for victory in open fighting, they would retire all along their front from Flanders to the Woevre Plain and establish themselves in prepared trench fortifications on the line of the Meuse in France and on the line of Ostend, Bruges, Ghent, Brussels and Charlerol in Belgium.

Believes Schemes Are Doomed

Should they be forced back to this line, their military pre-eminence would be ended, for they would have lost forever the power of the initiative on the western front. From all I can learn, however, both Hindenburg's schemes for victory and his alternative of a further retreat to the Meuse, are doomed to failure.

The success of the first implies that his troops outnumber and can outfight the soldiers of Nivelle and Haig, and the second cannot be accomplished unless the pursuit by the French and British forces is amazingly ineffectual in turning the Germans' long and difficult retreat into a rout.

In the operations following upon the present retirement the French, despite Hindenburg's comprehensive and minute preparations, and the difficulty of advancing over territory so thoroughly devastated, at several points pierced the German rearguards in such a manner that the Germans managed to extricate large bodies of troops only by a sharp speeding up of their northward march.

Even now they are, it is believed here, in imminent danger of losing both St. Quentin and La Fere, which was by no means part of their present program. It is also remarkable that the French have been able to move forward not only their light guns, but their ponderous long range batteries as well, although the German pioners believed they had utterly destroyed every railroad, including the ties, and even the roadbed of the main highways and streets in their wake.

In the few days since the withdrawal began, hundreds of miles of new railroad have been laid by tens of thousands of French military engineers, many of them hastily drafted into the army from the railroad employees previously released from service at the front.

New Roads Spring Into Being

In the same way new roads have sprung into being as if by the waving of a magician's wand—the magician in this case being Gen. Nivelle and his wand a fountain pen. There are enormous difficulties, of course, in moving forward adequate supplies of shells into what the Germans are pleased to call the "glacis" they left behind them, but the fact that trains for civilian passengers and freight have already begun to run several miles into the zone of devastation is evidence of the rapidity with which obstacles have been surmounted.

Ludendorff, who is credited in military circles here with being the real author of the new strategy, is supposed to believe that German armies are bound to triumph over the Entente in a campaign in the open, because large portions of them have had experience with that kind of warfare, whereas the bulk of the French and British effectives have never known any tactics except those of trench fighting.

Divisions fresh from the victorious advances through Rumania are being held in readiness by the German Quartermaster-General to show the Allies what the gray-green warriors can do in a war of movement; and most of the other units which will be engaged will doubtless have seen similar fighting in Poland or Servia.

In reply to this claim Gen. Nivelle's experts say they need simply to point to the supremacy attained by the French cavalry and "flying detachments" of infantry and artillery, in the numerous conflicts that have already occurred on the road to St. Quentin and La Fere, particularly in the small battle raging almost without pause along the Crozat Canal.

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad

JIM ASK HER IF SHE'S GOT A PIECE OF FAT IN HER POCKET
HEY HELEN
MY WIFE'S GOAE TO THE COUNTRY
ARE YOU ALL ALONE HELEN? HEY?
OH HELEN— I JUST LOVE THAT NAME
WOULDN'T THOSE JOKES MAKE A BULL DOG BREAK HIS CHAIN?
WELL!!
WHAT THE IDEA? A LOTTA OLD CRAPS TRYIN' TO KID SOMEBODY THAT STUFF'S AS FUNNY AS A CRUTCH— K'MON—
GUY WITH ACE FULL AND GOOD HANDS SCARCER THAN HITCHING POSTS IN DETROIT
INDOOR SPORTS—
HOLDING THE BEST HAND OF THE NIGHT WAITING FOR THE REST OF THE GANG TO GET THROUGH TALKING TO A DAME WHO GOT THAT NUMBER BY MISTAKE

CHINESE BUSINESSMEN HONOR YANG TCHENG

Sixteen Industrial Organisations Present Silver Shield And Tablets

Former Kiangsu Commissioner of Foreign Affairs Yang Tcheng was made the recipient yesterday of a handsome silver shield and two Chinese tablets. These were given by 16 industrial organisations of Shanghai as an expression of gratitude from the Chinese community for the good work he has done in industrial development during the last five years.

On the shield is engraved a recital of the accomplishments of Mr. Yang during his term of office, such as his success in bringing the government officials into closer relationship with the merchants and his untiring efforts in developing native trade. The tablets contain the characters: "Fu Kuo Shin Shan" and "Wei Che Kung Shan" which means respectively "Your work enriches the country and develops commerce" and "Your effort benefits the laborer as well as the merchant."

The organisations that presented the gifts to the ex-Commissioner were: The Shanghai General Chamber of Commerce, The Shanghai Nantao Chamber of Commerce, Cantonese Guild, Shantung guild, Shanghai Tea Guild, Shanghai Chinaware Guild, the Shantung and Hunan Silk Piece Goods Guild, Chaochow Guild, Association of the Merchants of the Interior, Soochow Guild, Chungwha Native Products Developing Association, Chungwha Industrial and Commercial Association, Nanyang Commercial College and the Wu Pun Girls' School.

Mr. Yang will soon leave this city for Peking where he has been requested to present himself to the Ministry of Finance for appointment.

KAISER TO ABDICATE, GERMAN PREDICTS

Obsessed By Thought He Is Responsible For The War, Says Author

Paris, March 24.—The abdication of the German Emperor is predicted by the former German Magistrate who wrote the celebrated book, "I Accuse." In an interview published in d'Oeuvre he says:

"The Kaiser is obsessed by the thought that he is responsible for the war, a thought which poisons his whole existence. He feels he is menaced by three enemies at home, without counting those abroad:

"First, is the Crown Prince, the real author of the war.

"Second, is the Junker Pan-Germanist—you cannot imagine the smouldering hatred of the Emperor for those whom he believes to be maniacs who are driving him into an abyss.

"Third, are the people, not the Socialist Party, but the people who are starving and who feel they are growing in number and rising little by little against those who organised the war.

"At the meeting of the Parliamentary Presidents and the Ministers of the Federal soverigns at which the submarine war was decided upon, the struggle between the Kaiser's party and that of Von Tirpitz's party was most bitter. The majority against the Emperor was so great, however, that he was obliged to submit and pretend that he was convinced.

"He was personally opposed to a break with President Wilson, but was forced to consent.

"Documents will be published one day which will prove that secretly he did everything not to bring America down upon him, and that he considers that the rupture was an irreparable mistake.

"Once he tried to initiate peace negotiations and failed. To try again would be to admit and proclaim to the whole world, but above all to the Germah people, which he fears most, Germany's real situation.

"What resource is left to him but a dramatic abdication in order to retain the sympathies of the German people and save the political future of Prussia?"

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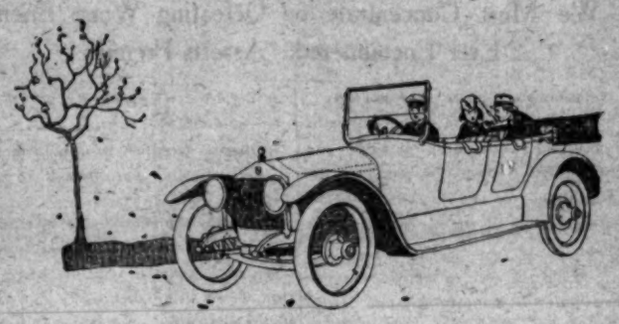

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DR. STANLEY TO LECTURE TO AMERICAN WOMEN

Will Talk Today On 'Wood Carving,' Last Of Series On Oriental Art

Dr. Arthur Stanley, president of the North China branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, will lecture on "Wood Carving" this afternoon at 4 o'clock before the American Woman's Club at its regular meeting in the Palace Hotel. The lecture will be the last of the series on Oriental art given before the club.

Mrs. Downing, of Minneapolis, delegate to the last biennial meeting of the American Federation of Women's Clubs, will be at the meeting to present the federation's greetings to the Shanghai club. Miss Jessie Ackerman, F.R.S.G.S., who is now visiting in Shanghai, also will be a guest.

Tickets will be distributed at the meeting for the performance of "A Roman Wedding," the play that will be given by the High school students of the American School at the Olympic Theater May 16. The cast of the play is rehearsing regularly and a good performance is promised. The proceeds will go to the Slave Refuge.

Preceding the club meeting there will be a meeting of the executive board of the club.

Delay In Plan For Soldiers After War

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 26.—In the House of Commons, today, in reply to a question asked by Sir Clement Kinloch-Cooke, Mr. A. H. Steel Maitland said that the committee to consider the question of Empire land settlement for ex-soldiers has met and has appointed sub-committees, but their report would not be completed in time for consideration by the Imperial War Conference.

Unclaimed Cablegrams

From.	Addressed.
March 22.—Tientsin, Lily	9 North Szechuen Road.
„ 27.—Hongkong,	Shinsingchang.
April 2.—Kyoto,	Beharilal Atlantic.
„ 5.—Hongkong,	Yuencheongyung Koumaudi Street.
„ 5.—Hongkong,	Yiuhang.
„ 8.—Yokohama,	Csyuen.
„ 12.—Osaka,	International.
„ 21.—New York,	Rosenbaum.
„ 21.—Sretensk,	Kinki Bofotienfu Street 939.
„ 25.—Moscow,	Ampinoff Astor House.
„ 27.—Hongkong,	Tungcheong Kiuschunchonkan.

NEW PORTUGUESE CABINET

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Macao, April 30.—A telegram from Lisbon states that the new Democratic Ministry consists of: Senhor Alfonso Costa, President and Minister of Finance; Senhor Ernesto de Vilhena, Minister for the Colonies; Senhor Norton de Matos, Minister for War; Senhor Almeida Ribeiro, Minister for the Interior; Senhor Augusto Soares, Minister for Foreign Affairs; Senhor Alexandre Braga, Minister of Justice; Senhor Barbosa Magalhaes, Minister of Instruction; Senhor Arantes Pedroso, Minister of the Navy; Senhor Lima Basto, Minister of Labor.

DIGESTION WORTH HAVING

Good digestion is not appreciated until you lose it. Then you cannot afford to experiment, for strong medicines are hard on weak stomachs.

To be able to eat what you want and to digest it is a priceless blessing. If you have lost it do not be deceived by the claims of predigested foods and stomach tonics, so-called.

There is no tonic for the stomach that is not a tonic for every part of the body. As the blood goes everywhere, an improvement in its condition quickly results in strengthening weak organs. Rich, red blood is absolutely necessary to digestion. If your stomach is weak and you are troubled with flatulence, sour risings in the throat, a feeling of pressure about the heart and palpitation, try the tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' pink pills.

So many dyspeptics have been helped by this simple treatment that every sufferer from stomach trouble should try it.

Get a supply of Dr. Williams' pink pills from any dealer; or from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, price $1.50 per bottle, $8.00 for 6 bottles, post free.

The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. has issued a free book, "What to Eat and How to Eat," that should be in every home. It gives just the information that you want regarding your diet; send a post card, for a copy to above address.

From the Chinese Press

President Li Yuan-hung has verbally declared that:—

1.—Genuine public opinion must be obtained before joining the Entente Powers and he wishes to do everything in accordance with law.

2.—Life and property must be respected at all costs. Fighting must cease in Szechuen before judging who is in the right and who is in the wrong.

3.—Law must be enforced in the recent bribery cases at the Ministries of Finance and Communications. He desires to have drastic measures taken against the offenders.

The majority of the Tuchuns at Peking for the Military Conference have returned to their respective posts.

On account of the grave significance attached to the decision of China's foreign policy, the Houses of Parliament are determined not to discuss anything in that direction before obtaining the opinion of all the provincial assemblies and chambers of commerce.

The following proposals were made at the Military Conference:—

1.—To build submarines for the navy.

2.—To organise an aerial corps under the Ministry of War.

3.—To organise three divisions of national guards at Hupeh.

4.—To send the General of the First Division, now stationed at Tientsin, to put down the Mongolian trouble.

5.—To despatch the troops of the Seventh Division now stationed at Tsinan, Shantung, to Chefoo and Tungchow, as a defensive measure.

6.—To establish naval bases at Foo Ping and Lungkow.

Either Wang Ta-hsieh or Chow Shu-moh is expected to succeed to the post of Minister of Communications upon the resignation of Hsu Shih-ying.

Szechuen members of Parliament called on the Premier April 28, suggesting Chen Chun-hsuan to become Tuchun of Szechuen. Mr. Tuan expressed the opinion that the government will be in a position to appoint the best man for the position.

CHINA'S OLYMPIC TEAM HAS ARRIVED IN TOKIO

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Tokio, April 30.—The Chinese athletes for the Olympic Sports arrived this morning and received a very warm welcome.

No Racing In England After Present Week

All Fixtures Cancelled From May 4 At Request Of Government

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 29.—All horse-racing fixtures after May 4 have been cancelled, in accordance with a request made by the Government.

SPORTS — Latest News of Athletic World — GOSSIP

Tientsin's Champion Basketball Team Off To Olympic Games

This is the basketball team of the Tientsin Government Middle School. It is rated the best in China and will do its best to win first honors in the Olympic games at Tokio.

From left to right:—Top Row: Nieh Shu-ling, Tu Lien-k'e (Coach) and Yeo Wen-pi (Captain).

Middle Row: Tsao K'e-tseng, Ying Hsueh-lien and Pien Shou-hsin.

Bottom Row: Li Tze-tsur and Wei Shu-hnon.

Big Week For Nanyang Boy Scouts

By Tracker

Last week was a busy one for the Nanyang Scouts. The opening celebrations took place on Thursday morning and from that time till late on Saturday night the 9th and 10th troops were kept going hammer and tongs. The number of guests averaged 4,000 a day and the troop did yeoman service in true scouting style. The maze, cinema, concerts, and refreshment stalls were all in the hands of scouts and it is to their credit that things went on so smoothly.

Speaking of concerts one cannot for a moment forget the concert given by the boys of the 9th troop: from start to finish things went with a swing and the audience rocked with laughter when P. L. Yang of the Tigers first mystified them with his sleight of hand and then showed them how easy it was. His arithmetic was beyond the highest standard set at Nanyang and certain people are thinking seriously whether they have not found a prodigy. Quartermaster Ko did some lightning work with the Sword in proper Kuan Lung style while T. M. Shen delighted the audience with his exhibition of Chinese Boxing.

While on the subject of boxing mention must be made of a three round contest, blindfolded, between Scout Master Biggs of the 9th and Scout Master Leslie of the 10th troops. This was a scream and if it tickled the boxers as much as it did the audience they must have enjoyed themselves. And last but not least I must mention the mouth-organ band. This I think I can safely say is the first in China and I hope it will not be long before we shall have the pleasure of hearing them in Shanghai.

On the invitation of the Nanyang Boys the 10th troop spent part of the week in camp at the college and quite a lot of useful work was done.

On Sunday, April 22, the Signalling competitions of the 9th troop for the Leslie Cup (presented by Scoutmaster Leslie of the 10th) took place, and after some keen competition the cup went to the Wolf Patrol under Patrol Leader Shing. The cup was handed to the winners by Mrs. W. H. Leslie. The boys afterwards gave her a small token of appreciation.

I ought to mention that the scouts' concert gave an opportunity to the various troops represented to improve the already friendly spirit which prevails and during the evening President Tang Wen-tche was made the recipient of a "Thanks Badge" by the scouts of the 9th troop.

On Friday, the scouts of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd troops met at the headquarters of the 6th at the Ellis Kadoorie school, Carter Road. A display competition was arranged, 6 teams competing The displays were very good indeed. Teams from the 1st and 3rd troops tied for 1st place with 54 points, the 3rd troop No. 2 team coming next with 49 points.

This is a fine stunt and ought to be encouraged as it gives the boys scope for originality.

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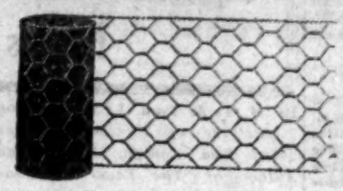

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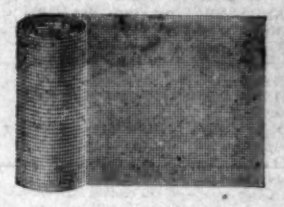

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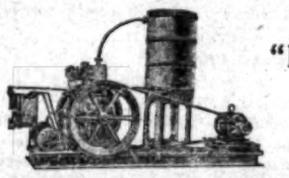

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WEATHER

Deep depression on the Gulf of Pechili. Cyclonic circulation between Kiangsu and Liaotung. Variable winds in the South.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, MAY 1, 1917

Conscription in America

THE Congress of the United States, fully supported by public opinion, has by overwhelming vote enacted the Conscription Bill into law. This means that the Government will immediately bring into being an army commensurate with the population and wealth of the country and the requirements of the situation in Europe. The refusal to fool about with any sort of volunteer system and the prompt decision in favor of the only really fair, equitable and expeditious means of raising an army will be hailed with satisfaction not only in America but in the ranks of the Allies. Also, it will be a little more writing on the wall for Germany.

The leading newspapers of the United States have been waging a most energetic campaign for universal service. They realised the need of it and there was indeed very great need. The pacifists were well organised and were determined to make a strong fight against the measure. The National Guard, too, preferred legislation that would lead to its own expansion—"forty-eight little armies and much local and state politics," instead of one great, united, national army.

Arguing against the imperfect National Guard system, recently, The New York Times said:

"The system of double authority, extravagant and complicated, and subject at all times to varying political influences, has been found wanting. The defense of the nation is national business, and should be in charge of the Federal Government without interference from the States. The ordinary young man of this generation knows too little of the country beyond his own restricted environment. He has little conception of his own relation to the Government. He lacks discipline. His sense of the responsibilities of citizenship is limited. These defects will all be corrected by a system which imposes upon all alike, rich and poor, a year of thorough physical training and the rudiments of a military education.

"The boys must be removed from their home surroundings. They must be enabled to get a clear idea of the extent of the country. Universal training under the strict military control of the War Department will not only fit them to defend their country against foreign attacks, but will make them better citizens and greatly increase their chances of success in any branch of civil life. The system has been studied throughout the land. A majority of the people have made up their minds.

"The failure of the volunteer system is at last recognised. That miserable makeshift called the Hay law is generally condemned. It is to be hoped that the rumored intent to transform the National Defense Convention into another demonstration in favor of a political system of forty-eight little armies is ill-founded. The country has the greatest admiration for the militiamen who have performed such valiant service on the Mexican border and have been called again for national defense. They have risen far above the defective system under which they are organised.

"Twenty-four more regiments and five separate battalions were called for mobilisation yesterday (March 28). We have no doubt that the response will be cordial and that the work of mustering in will be as expeditious as the complicated machinery permits. But it will be better for patriotic young Americans of that type and for the whole country when our citizenry trained has been placed on a sound and permanent basis."

Diplomatic Relations Between China And The Powers Since And Concerning The European War

By M. T. Z. Tyau, LL.D. (London)
(*Lecturer on International Law, Tsing Hua College, Peking; and Author of "The Legal Obligations Arising Out of Treaty Relations between China and Other States" in the press.*)

(*Continued from Sunday's The China Press*)

II. Breach With Germany

On February 1, 1917, the German government announced that its previously declared methods of submarine warfare would from that day commence to take effect. Three days later, the American Minister in Peking, Dr. P. S. Reinsch, notified the Waichaopu that his government had already severed diplomatic relations with Germany, and requested the Chinese government to follow the United States in its protest. Peking responded, and, on February 9, China formally protested to Germany.

China's Protest

The Note declares that "the new measures of submarine warfare inaugurated by Germany, imperilling the lives and property of Chinese citizens to even a greater extent than the measure previously taken which have already cost so many human lives to China, constitute a violation of the principles of public international law at present in force; the tolerance of their application would have as a result the introduction into international law of arbitrary principles incompatible with even legitimate commercial intercourse between neutral states and between neutral states and belligerent powers." China "sincerely hopes that with a view to respecting the rights of neutral states and to maintaining the friendly relations" between it and Germany, the Berlin government will not carry out its intentions; but, "in case contrary to its expectations its protest be ineffectual, the Government of the Chinese Republic will be constrained, to its profound regret, to sever the diplomatic relations at present existing between the two countries."

German Reply

In the evening of March 10, the German government replied. But on that very afternoon Parliament had empowered the Government to break with Gemany, so when the German reply was delivered at 9.30 p.m. the same evening, it came too late. On the whole the reply was friendly, though no one expected that Berlin would condescend to listen to Peking. The Note begins by expressing great surprise that the Chinese protest has been accompanied by a threat: "Many other countries have also protested, but China, which has been in friendly relations with Germany, is the only state which has added a threat to its protest. The surprise is doubly great, because of the fact that, as China has no shipping interests in the seas of the blockaded zones, she will not suffer thereby."

To the Chinese allegation that "loss of life of Chinese citizens has occurred as the result of the present method of war," Germany answers that China has never before protested on that score. "According to the reports received by the Imperial Government, such losses as have been actually sustained by Chinese subjects have occurred in the firing line while they were engaged in digging trenches and in other war service. While thus engaged, they were exposed to the dangers inevitable to all forces engaged in war." On the other hand, "Germany has on several occasions protested against the employment of Chinese subjects for warlike purposes," and this, Berlin declares, is "excellent proof of its friendly feelings toward China." Therefore, "in consideration of these friendly relations the Imperial Government is willing to treat the matter as if the threat had never been uttered." As regards the submarine warfare, the reply says that "Germany's enemies were the first to declare a blockade on Germany and the same is being persistently carried out. It is therefore difficult for Germany to cancel her blockade policy." But since the two states are on friendly terms, the Berlin government "is nevertheless willing to comply with the wishes of the Republic of China by opening negotiations to arrive at a plan for the protection of Chinese life and property, with the view that the end may be achieved and thereby utmost regard be given to the shipping rights of China." The reply concludes with a veiled threat as follows:—"The reason which has prompted the Imperial Government to adopt this conciliatory policy is the knowledge that, once diplomatic relations are severed with Germany, China will not only lose a truly good friend, but also be entangled in unthinkable difficulties."

German Evasion

This reply is an evasion, a travesty of facts. We are not aware that Chinese laborers going to Europe are made to dig trenches for the Allies or do other war work. In fact, the laborers recruited from China are employed for non-war work, e.g., in the fields, in the factories, in the mines, etc., to take the place of those who have gone or who will go to the war. No doubt many of these laborers are engaged in munition factories. This may be one form of war work, but not the sort which the German reply has in mind, namely, "Chinese in the firing line."

As regards doing war work, the allegation appears to be exaggerated. For example, it is reported that recently the Governor of Canton attempted to prohibit the recruiting of Chinese labor in his province on the part of the Allies, on the ground that such action was a breach of neutrality. He asked the Peking government for instructions, and the latter did not sustain his view. They said that the Allies had given definite assurances that such Chinese laborers would not be given any war work, but would simply be put into occupations left idle by men who have joined the colors or gone to the war. This recruitment is, therefore, not a breach of neutrality, and so no prohibition need be placed on the same, as long as no disturbances in the life and property of the populace are created or apprehended.

In any case, however, the reference to "Chinese in the firing line," even if we concede that the allegation is, though it remains to be proved, is beside the point. The Chinese losses alluded to in the latter's protest, occur on the high seas, as for example, those who work as seamen or firemen on Allied merchantmen, or the 700 odd Chinese laborers who perished in the French ship Athos which was torpedoed in the Mediterranean soon after Peking had protested to Berlin. To try to set off Chinese losses in the firing line against Chinese losses on the high seas is irrelevant. This evidence is unsatisfactory in a court of law. The truth of the matter appears to be that the Berlin government is at a total loss how to meet the charge. For in one breath it says that "China has no shipping interests in the seas of the blockaded zones," and then, in the next, it offers to negotiate with this country, so that "utmost regard be given to the shipping rights of China."

Terminological Inexactitude

When Germany declares that its enemies were the first to declare a blockade, the statement is not accurate. It is a case of terminological inexactitude. In point of fact it was Germany who began the so-called blockade. Shortly after the outbreak of the war, the British government charged the German government with sowing mines indiscriminately in the open sea on the main trade routes, in contravention of the Hague conventions. The former, therefore, declared the "whole of the North Sea as a military area," and also laid mines on a large scale. On February 4, 1915, the Berlin government declared the waters surrounding Great Britain, including the English Channel, to be a war zone, and announced that "on and after the February 19, 1915, every merchant vessel found in the war zone will be destroyed, without its being always possible to avert the danger to crews and passengers on that account." Against this novel form of blockade England at once retaliated, and by an Order in Council of March 11, 1915, she announced in effect that no ship or goods, enemy or neutral, would be allowed to enter or leave a German port.

In popular language, each of these counter measures is denoted a blockade. This is not strictly accurate, because the technicalities attaching to a legal blockade are absent. What is of importance, however, is this: it was Germany who first sowed mines on the high seas, and in so doing, repudiated what her principal delegate at the second Hague peace conference, Baron Marschall von Bieberstein, had so loudly proclaimed a decade ago before that law-making body. Those remarks will be quoted later. Her violation of international law provoked the British counter proclamation respecting the North Sea, and her declaration of a blockade of the British Isles provoked the British counter reprisal which in effect instituted an effective blockade of the whole German Empire, for all possible inlets or outlets through neutral countries whose frontiers march with hers, have been completely stopped up. Accordingly, it is an error of expression to say that "Germany's enemies were the first to declare a blockade," for Germany can hardly suggest that its declaration of February 4, 1915, is not intended to starve the British population. After all that is the final test of a blockade.

The Rupture

The German reply, therefore, vouchsafes no promise that Berlin will withdraw its illegal methods of warfare. In fact, to quote from China's Note breaking off diplomatic relations between the two countries, "during the lapse of a month no heed has been paid to the protest of the Government of the Republic in the activities of the German submarines—activities which have caused the loss of many Chinese lives." (The reference here is probably to the 700 Chinese laborers who went down with the Athos, already cited.) The reply is, therefore, "not in accord with the object of the protest; and the Government of the Chinese Republic, to its deep regret, considers its protest to be ineffectual. The Government of the Republic is constrained to sever the diplomatic relations at present existing with the Imperial German Government."

The rupture occurred on March 14, at 12 o'clock noon. The German minister and his staff were handed their passports, and with the consent of the Chinese government German interests in China are being taken care of by the Dutch Legation until the resumption of friendly intercourse between China and Germany. A foreign consul in China is invested with official duties and so enjoys an official status. He is, therefore, unlike his *confrere* in Western countries, who is a mere commercial agent and has no right of direct official relations with the local authorities. The rupture between China and Germany entails the cessation of all official intercourse, including the administration of the treaty grant of consular jurisdiction over German subjects in this country, and so German consular officers were likewise given their passports. The German guards and garrisons, some 80 in number, have been disarmed, and are now interned opposite the old summer palace. The German concessions in Tientsin and Hankow have been occupied by Chinese police as well as soldiers since the official agents of the grantee government have left the country.

So much for German officials and German public property. As regards private German individuals or private German property, these are left unmolested, since a state of war does not yet exist between these two states. Of course they are subject to the territorial government's exercise of precautionary measures which are designed to safeguard the interests of this country. Accordingly, German merchant ships have been taken over, not in confiscation, which right can only be exercised when war is declared, but as a matter of precaution. For the scuttling or destruction of a ship in harbor will impede the channel of navigation and so obstruct the flow of trade. That this salutary measure is timely has since been proved by two of such ships being sunk or scuttled in Canton, as well as the discovery of bombs on board for blowing up the vessels or rendering them unfit for navigation.

Moreover, all Germans are required to register themselves and file detailed inventories of their goods and chattles with the local authorities. In addition, they are to provide themselves with identity papers surmounted with their photographs, and report their movements wherever they go, so that the authorities may keep constant track of all their doings. Of the 219 German employees, those in schools and other non-vital employments are allowed to remain, whereas those in the railways or other important national industries have been dismissed. Those in the Customs service drawing a salary below $200 local currency may remain, but those drawing amounts beyond that figure will be relieved.

Extraterritoriality

The question at once arises: what is the present status of Germans in China? Under the treaties, they enjoy the rights of extraterritoriality. That is to say, if they commit any offences in this country, whether against a fellow-German, or a fellow-European, or even a Chinese, they are not triable by the local authorities, but are amenable only to their own consular officers. Since their government is at present *persona non grata* with the territorial sovereign, what is their legal position? The answer is they are subject to the complete jurisdiction of the Chinese authorities.

This is not because the treaties themselves have been cancelled, for such cancellation or nullification can only occur when a state of war has been formally declared. The true reason is to be sought in the actual facts of the situation. Consular jurisdiction is a right that flows directly from a treaty. It represents a temporary arrangement between the contracting states whereby one party agrees to delegate or transfer to the other that part of the jurisdiction over the latter's nationals in its territory which properly belongs to the former. The right is simply a right of delegation and no more. The grant does not mean that the aliens so favored possess the right of themselves. They enjoy this concession or privilege, not as aliens as such, but only as the subjects of the state which has secured such a delegation of authority by a formal treaty with the territorial sovereign. If their government has not concluded such a treaty with the latter, or in its treaty it has not secured such a grant, then they enjoy no such right and so remain within the jurisdiction of the local authorities.

Now the state that has secured such a grant of consular jurisdiction is no longer in diplomatic negotiation with the territorial sovereign. Its treaties are therefore in abeyance, although we cannot say they are abrogated until war is declared. The official agents of the German government have left the country, and there are no officially accredited persons remaining who can administer or exercise such a grant in their place. The Germans in China are, therefore, under the protection and jurisdiction of the territorial authorities.

The grant is personal to the Germans. It cannot be transferred to any third party, although this third party himself may have a similar grant from the territorial sovereign in respect of his own subjects. And since the grantee government has, as it were, ceased to exist, the grant or delegation lapses and reverts to the original grantor or delegator. Under the circumstances, the Germans in China are in the same position as those aliens whose governments are not in treaty relations with China. They have no one to represent them officially in China, and so are amenable to the jurisdiction of the territorial sovereign.

At the present time, however, an attempt is being made by the Dutch Legation who are protecting German interests in China, to claim a right to exercise consular jurisdiction over the Germans in China. Since, as we have already shown, the Germans of themselves possess no longer any right of extraterritoriality, one is at a loss to know how the Dutch claim can be tenable. It is true that the Dutch Legation is the protector of German interests, but such protection does not extend to judicial functions. For if this claim be valid, then certain universally accepted international axioms are at fault.

For example, the treaty grant of extraterritoriality being personal to the grantee government and its subjects, it cannot be transferred or removed except by and with the consent of the grantor. When the latter makes a grant, he makes it to a *persona grata*, not to any Tom, Dick and Harry. If this grantee has misconducted himself and is now *persona non grata*, the grantor surely will not consent to the concession being transferred or delegated to a third party. If the grant is personal, it falls or survives with the person.

The protector himself, as in this case, may enjoy a similar grant from the grantor in respect of his own subjects. But this fact does not warrant him in "assimilating" his *proteges* as his own nationals, or bringing them under his own laws, for it cannot be conceived that the German government will consent to its subjects being made amenable to Dutch laws and Dutch officers. This was illustrated in 1910, when China attempted to exercise jurisdiction over a Montenegrin subject in Harbin. As Russia was entrusted by the Montenegrin government with the protection of its interests in China, the Russian government objected. It communicated with the United States and suggested that concerted action should be adopted by the powers in Peking on this score. Washington, however, declined the suggestion, and the Department of State observed as follows:—"The position uniformly taken by the Federal government has been that, by consenting to lend its good offices in behalf of subjects of other nations, it could not assume

(Continued on Page 7)

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Bringing Up Father

By George McManus

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MAGGIE - I HAVE SOMETHING TO SAY TO YOU -
SPEAK - JIGGS - YOU LOOK ROMANTIC -
I WANT TO GIVE YOU A PEARL NECK-LACE!
OH - YOU DARLING - WHERE IS IT?
I WANT TO GIVE YOU ONE BUT I HAVEN'T GOT IT -
YOU INSECT - I REGRET THE DAY I MARRIED YOU!
THAT'S ONE THING WE AGREE ON -
McMANUS

Diplomatic Relations Between China And The Powers Since And Concerning The European War

(Continued from Page 6)

to assimilate such subjects to citizenship of the United States and to invest them with extraterritorial rights which they did not enjoy as subjects of the country of their allegiance."

Accordingly, there are clearly demarcated limits to the protector's right of protection. A further reason why a protector cannot so assimilate other aliens seems to be one of nationality. For example, if an unknown alien should turn up at the Dutch Legation or consulate and request the latter to declare that he is a German subject, the protector cannot so certify. Not only is he without the means to verify the truth of the statements made before him, but he is also unauthorised to so act. The fact of nationality is bound up with jurisdiction, and this can only be certified or attested by such person's own proper officials. But once the person in question is provided with the proper papers setting forth his nationality, etc., the protector can then extend his protection to that person. So to attempt to certify the nationality of such a person is to assert a right to give him a national status, which the protector is clearly unable to do in all good law or sense. If the government of the protected persons cannot consent to the assumption by any other government of jurisdiction over its own subjects, it surely will not concede that the latter may declare any unknown or uncertified person as being one of its subjects. Such matters involve questions of state sovereignty and state rights, and these are too jealously watched and guarded to warrant any outside interference.

Under the circumstances, the contention of the Dutch Legation to exercise consular jurisdiction over the Germans at present in China has no leg to stand upon. The protector's right of protection is confined to things which the *proteges* themselves can do or delegate. For example, if the local authorities should require the Germans everywhere to register themselves as well as their property within twenty-four hours (they are actually given from three to ten days) the latter may complain of its stringency and ask for an extension of time. This right of complaint is no legal right. It is a moral right, one connected with considerations of courtesy and humanity. If it is exercisable by the Germans, they can delegate or transfer the same to their protector. This right must of necessity be delegated to their protector, for the simple reason that access to the local government must be had through the intermediary of some friendly official, not private individual. Accordingly, the protector can take up this complaint and communicate with the local authorities so as to secure an amelioration. Similarly, if war is declared between China and Germany, and the Germans are interned, the protector can also exercise his good office on behalf of his *proteges*, should they be in any way inhumanly treated at the concentration camps, or be denied opportunities for healthy exercise.

As to the judicial rights of a German in China, only those remain which are concerned with the fundamental principles of humanity. He is no longer amenable to his own officers, nor is he amenable to his protector. Nevertheless, humanity requires that he be given a fair trial, if he is to be tried by the Chinese judicial officers. This is not because there is anything objectionable in the Chinese administration of justice. It is rather because of the fear of the operation of national prejudice, since the two states are in a state of quasi-belligerency. Here is where the protector can assist his *protege* in a useful way. Accordingly, if a German offender be tried by a Chinese court, the Dutch consul may be invited to have a seat in the court. He is there not in any judicial capacity, but merely as an interested spectator. He will watch and see that his *protege* is given every facility for a fair trial, e.g., the engaging of counsel and interpreters and the calling of witnesses, etc. If any injustice is done to the accused, his protector can protest and so secure justice for him.

This right of a fair trial is a right which inheres in an alien, be he a friendly alien or an alien whose government is *persona non grata* with the territorial sovereign, or even an alien enemy. International law as well as moral law enjoins that every courtesy, every consideration, is to be given to aliens whose government has misconducted itself in the eyes of the territorial sovereign, so long as the same does not affect or prejudice any measures which the latter may adopt in defence of his own vital interests. The giving of a fair trial to such an alien is not concerned with vital interests, so there is no reason to apprehend that it will be denied. If nations must fight, let them fight with clean hands and clean consciences. In the present case, China's protest and rupture are dictated by the desire to maintain the sanctity of international law; so her duty is clear.

(To be continued in Tomorrow's The China Press)

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Prismatic binoculars

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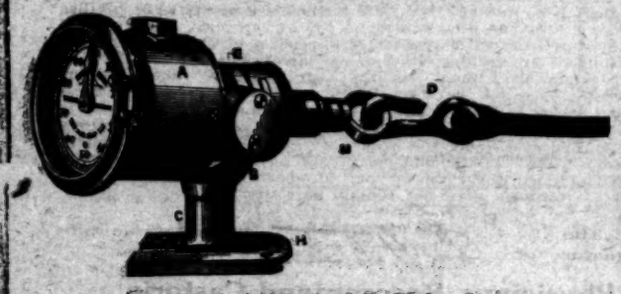
Marine Chronometers, Deck watches, Lever Engine Room clocks, Lever Saloon Clocks, Lever Chart Room Clocks

Barometers, Thermometers, Hygrometers, Negretti and Zambra's Sextants



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Taffrail Bliss Logs

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Everything pertaining to navigation. Send for Catalogue.

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AT COMPETITIVE PRICES FROM EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS BY

ARTS & CRAFTS, LTD.

Old Mother Hubbard
Went to the cupboard
To get her dog's bone from the shelf.
Said the dog: "I declare,
I don't think it is fair,
You eat all the Del Monte yourself."

Del Monte BRAND

Del Monte

CANNED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

PACKED WHERE THEY RIPEN--THE DAY THEY'RE PICKED

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The "GETZBEST BRAND" represents the highest grade of goods packed in California.

U. S. MOTIVES IN WAR BISHOP'S SERMON TEXT

Preacher At Annual S. V. C. Church Parade Service Explains Point Of View

The entrance of the United States into the war served as the text of the Rt. Rev. Bishop Graves' sermon at the annual S. V. C. Church Parade service at Holy Trinity Cathedral Sunday morning. More than four hundred members of various detachments of the Corps attended.

The companies, under command of Major Trueman, marched from the Bund foreshore to the Cathedral, where the Portuguese Company fell out to march to St.Joseph's Church.

In the cathedral were leading British and American officials, including Sir Everard Fraser, British consul-general; Mr. Thomas Sammons, American consul-general, and Judge C. S. Lobingier of the United States Court.

Bishop Graves' sermon in part follows:

"One has felt during the last three years, and every American must have felt, that in a measure he was misunderstood: that while in a way British people were trying to be fair, trying to make the best of it, that as a nation we had disappointed their expectations. They could not understand why it was that we did not see eye to eye with them and could not see why we were not standing by their side. But I think if you consider our circumstances, there are many things in them which explain why that should be so.

"In the first place we were separated from the political quarrels in European regions and then, although in the beginning we were descended from English blood, we had become a composite nation, containing people from the many different nations on the face of the globe that we were trying to combine into one nation with one aim and with one ideal. When the war came many of us saw which way it was tending and what the issue was, but our difficulty was to bring that mixed mass of peoples from every European land into some sort of combination to see that behind this great struggle there were principles at stake of human right and human freedom. That was the difficulty and that was why America hesitated.

"Because of her great faith in humanity, because it was perfectly incredible to any American that the things which have happened could have happened and because of what he might call their quixotic belief in the other man and the other nation there was unwillingness to believe reports of atrocities. It is not possible to believe that any race in this world of ours could descend to the depths to which our enemies have descended.

"It then became perfectly clear to the United States that the moment of excuse and subterfuge must be swept away when the issues thus stood naked, and from that moment she stood by your side because she saw then eye to eye with you the principles for which the world lived, the principles for which they were fighting."

All America Pleased By China's Following Mr. Wilson's Advice

Mr. T. C. White Tells Of War Times In The States; Conscription Popular

Mr. T. C. White, who arrived in Shanghai Saturday night from a business trip to the United States on which he was accompanied by Mrs. White, declared last night that nothing in years had made so deep an impression on the American mind as China's prompt acceptance of President Wilson's advice that she follow the lead of the United States in dealing with Germany.

"It was a great stroke of policy on the part of China," he said. "The fruits of it will become more and more evident in the immediate future. American capitalists are quite ready to put up money to develop China and they have so much money at their disposal that they won't bother with small deals. You must have at least a million dollar proposition or you won't get a hearing."

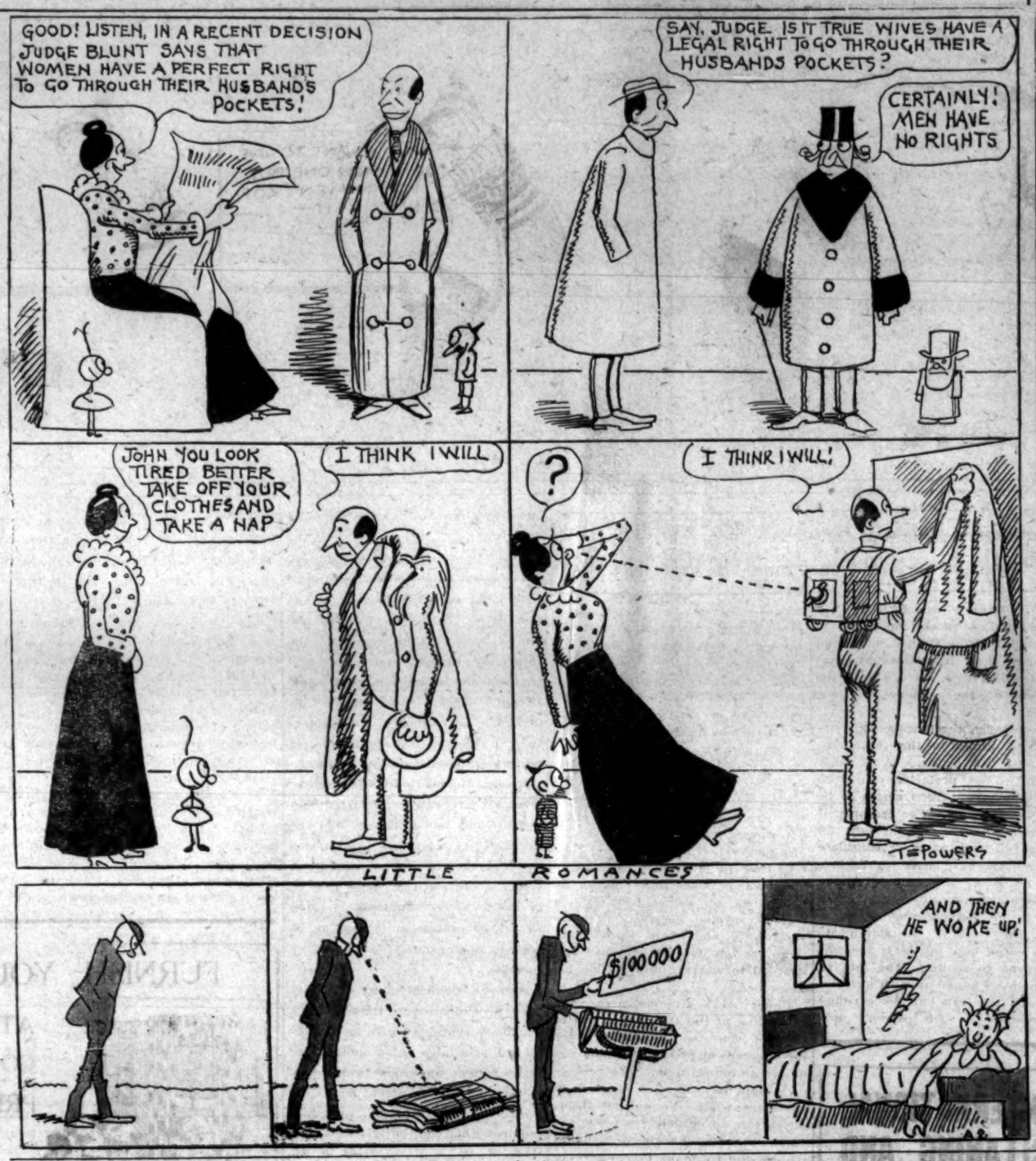
Mr. White was immensely pleased over yesterday's news that the Conscription Bill had been passed by both the House and Senate in Washington.

"The whole country wanted it," he said. "At least all the Americans with whom I talked felt that conscription, and at once, was the only fair way. I don't know what changes the bill has undergone since I left, of course, but just before I sailed the general scheme of it was that it would take the young men from all over the country in such a way as not to cripple business. Another feature was that in the case of families having two or three sons, only one would be taken at first. The post offices and police departments throughout the country were to be employed as the main machinery for putting conscription in force."

Speaking in a general way of the feeling with which America entered the war, Mr. White described it as one of great earnestness.

"Many seemed actually to be in fear that the war would end before the United States could get fully into action. Everybody was for going in full speed ahead and for all they were worth."

Safety First By Tom Powers


GOOD! LISTEN, IN A RECENT DECISION JUDGE BLUNT SAYS THAT WOMEN HAVE A PERFECT RIGHT TO GO THROUGH THEIR HUSBANDS POCKETS!
SAY, JUDGE, IS IT TRUE WIVES HAVE A LEGAL RIGHT TO GO THROUGH THEIR HUSBANDS POCKETS?
CERTAINLY! MEN HAVE NO RIGHTS
JOHN YOU LOOK TIRED BETTER TAKE OFF YOUR CLOTHES AND TAKE A NAP
I THINK I WILL
?
I THINK I WILL!
T. POWERS
LITTLE ROMANCES
$100000
AND THEN HE WOKE UP!

CHEN YI IS UNPOPULAR WITH KANSU ASSEMBLY

Alarmed Over Outrages Which His Troops Committed When in Szechuen

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, April 28.—The Provincial assembly of Kansu has telegraphed, strongly deprecating the appointment of Chen Yi as Military Governor of that province. The people of Kansu are greatly alarmed, owing to the outrages committed by Chen Yi's troops in Szechuen.

Yesterday, the Cabinet devoted its sole attention to the situation in Szechuen. The latest reports from Szechuen state that, although the situation at Chengtu is quiet, fighting between the Szechuenese and Yunnanese troops continues in various districts and communications between Chengtu, Luchow, Tzechow and elsewhere are interrupted.

LU BACK IN CANTON

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Canton, April 29.—General Lu Yung-ting has returned to Kwangtung. The new Tuchun, General Chen Pin-chun, is arriving within a week. He left Kwangsi, for Canton, yesterday.

CAPTAIN MADE RICH BY COLLISION AT SEA

Sells His Ship for $325,000, Gets Damages Too, And Now He Will Go To War

London, March 14.—Thornton D. Hooper, an American, of Philadelphia, left that port for Europe just seven months ago as Captain of the sailing vessel Edith S. Cummins, jointly owned by himself and his father.

The ship was in collision with another vessel in British waters and had great difficulty in making port. For five months Capt. Hooper waited to have his claims adjusted. In the mean time he received an offer of $325,000 for his damaged vessel. He closed the bargain, which is said to represent more than three times what he and his father paid for the vessel.

He found it necessary to remain for an additional two months for the adjustment of his collision claims and today received what is said to be a very substantial sum for damages, the case being settled out of court.

But in the mean time the bellicose atmosphere around him had its effect and today Capt. Hooper notified the American Consulate that he had enlisted in the Canadian army.

Shanghai-Malay Estates Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of shareholders of the Shanghai Malay Rubber Estates, Ltd., was held yesterday, at the office of Mr. M. G. Beck, Secretary. Mr. G. Grayrigge presided and was supported by Messrs. E. S. Kadoorie, R. N. Truman, S. S. Benjamin (directors), M. G. Beck (secretary), S. S. McKean (legal adviser) and other shareholders, representing 23,961 shares.

The chairman said:—Our accounts were very late in arriving from the Straits and had to be rushed through to enable us to present same and to hold our annual meeting on the last day allowed us by our articles. This afternoon is pretty well taken up by other company meetings, hence we had no choice other than to convene this meeting for the present inconvenient hour. However I shall be as brief as possible and not detain you long.

We have not made any extensive progress during the period under review with our planting program, having only increased our rubber area by 108 acres, 25 on Chengai and 83 on Goodheart. You may be quite sure that no extensions will be undertaken that cannot be maintained in a clean-weeded condition.

The crop for the nine months was 165,893 lbs., which exceeded the proportionate estimate by over 5,000 lbs., the f.o.b. cost showing a reduction of 1.33 per lb. and 1.70 per lb. on Chengai and Goodheart respectively, which I think is satisfactory. The weeding costs on both properties are reasonable and all being well, should be again reduced during the current year.

Under the heading of pests and diseases, you will see it is proposed to treat Chengai in a very thorough manner, to clear away all rotting timber and to make a tree inspection. This is being done on the strong recommendation of our visiting agent and, although the cost will be considerable, the V. A. tells us this work is necessary to safeguard the place from disease. Everything else on the estates is progressing satisfactorily and we may regard the past nine months as a period of steady progress.

Turning to the accounts, you will see from the balance sheet that, including the Tls. 32,838.12 brought forward from last year, the profit for nine months amounted to Tls. 71,824.96 and, after paying interest for nine months on the preference shares, viz., Tls. 12,000, there remains a balance of Tls. 59,824.96 for disposal, which the board recommends be dealt with as follows:—

	Tls.
To pay a dividend of 5 per cent on 30,000 ordinary shares	15,000.00
To pay a dividend of 5 per cent on 20,000 C. and P. P. shares	10,000.00
To write off buildings and furniture	4,887.73
To write off factory plant and machinery	5,897.13
To write off wells and water supply	4,972.37
To pay bonus to staff	600.00
To carry forward	18,467.73

I would mention the sum carried forward is not a mere book entry, but is represented by liquid assets, whilst the extra depreciation recommended is provided by book profits which will never become cash and are thus best disposed of and done with. The accounts are plain and clear and call for no further explanation from me.

In accordance with the articles, it is my turn to retire from the board, but I offer myself for re-election. The auditors, Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews, retire, but offer themselves for re-election.

The following resolutions were then passed unanimously:—

That the report and accounts be adopted: proposed by the chairman and seconded by Mr. Kadoorie.

That Mr. Grayrigge be re-elected a director: proposed by Mr. Truman and seconded by Mr. L. E. Canning.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews be re-elected auditors at a fee of Tls. 300: proposed by Mr. Canning and seconded by Mr. Burrett.

That the directors be authorised to subscribe a sum not exceeding Tls. 2,000 out of the profits for the nine months ended December 31, to any war fund: proposed by Mr. G. H. Wright and seconded by Mr. Canning.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have paregoric or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and a few drops too many will produce the sleep from which there is no waking. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labeling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: *"A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death."* The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. **Castoria does not contain narcotics.**

The signature of Chas. H. Fletcher guarantees genuine Castoria

Physicians Recommend Castoria.

"I have frequently prescribed Castoria for common ailments of children with good results."
W. A. CRANDALL, M. D.,
Buffalo, N. Y.

"I find your Castoria is very beneficial in the treatment of children's ailments."
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"As the father of thirteen children I certainly know something about your great medicine and, aside from my own family experience, I have, in my years of practice found Castoria a popular and efficient remedy in almost every home."
WM. J. MCCRANN, M. D.,
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"I object to what are called patent medicines, where maker alone knows what stuff is put in them, but I know the formula of your Castoria and advise its use in proper cases. I judge it to be a very useful, as well as harmless family medicine."
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Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

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When the Children are Happy they're Healthy.

They are both Happy and Healthy when using

LIFEBUOY SOAP.

It is a real delight to wash, bathe and shampoo with it. You have the delight of the abundant, antiseptic, Lifebuoy lather—the delight of actually feeling its beneficial action on the skin. Added to which you have the delight of knowing you are not only clean but healthy—the skin absolutely free from the germs and microbes of disease which one is bound to come into contact with daily.

Health is stored in every tablet!

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on your gutters will give you lasting and economical protection.

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BUSINESS AND OFFICIAL NOTICES

Launch Services

TODAY

The launch conveying passengers to the N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru will leave the Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m.

TOMORROW

The tender conveying passengers to the N.Y.K. s.s. Hirano Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m.

The launch conveying passengers to the N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru will leave the Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m.

The launch conveying passengers to the O.S.K. s.s. Panama Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 11 a.m.

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IS SO COMPRESSED THAT IT CANNOT BREAK INTO "SHORTS"

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No. 4, Broadway, (Opposite Astor House)

Dealers in:

Indian, Chinese and Japanese Silks, Fancy Articles, Carpets, Rugs, Indian Muslin, Damascene, Brass Ware, Etc, Inspection cordially solicited.

A large assortment of Chefoo Laces.

Tel. No. 2611. 13212

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

HEAD OFFICE:
10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Nineteenth Annual General Meeting of the China Mutual Life Insurance Company, Ltd., will be held at the Company's Offices, 10 Canton Road, Shanghai Today 1st day of May, 1917, at 4 p.m.

The Transfer books of the Company will be closed from the 17th day of April, 1917, to the 1st day of May, 1917, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. K. TWEED,
Secretary.

Shanghai, 14th April, 1917. 13503

For Sale or to Let From 1st May

No 50 Route Doumer—modern residence, furnished or unfurnished, standing well back from the road, containing: Hall, Billiard-room, three entertaining rooms, seven bedrooms, five bathrooms and Boxroom. Garage, stabling for four horses; well developed grounds, tennis lawn (four courts), croquet lawn and rosary. Altogether about 20 mows of land.

For inspection apply to:
STIRLING FESSENDEN,
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MAY FAIR

under the distinguished patronage of
Sir Everard Fraser, K. C. M. G.

Patronesses:

Lady de Sausmarez, Mesdames Unwin, Brand, Bremner, Jenner Hogg, Holliday, Ivy, Lavers, Merriman, Prentice, Wingrove, and Wrightson.

Chang-Su-Ho Gardens

MAY 18 & 19, 1917.

CAFE des ALLIES

Variety Entertainment.

BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S.

"Midsummer Night's Dream"

An adapted version, acted by children for children.

North China Insurance Co., Ltd.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

AN Interim Dividend for the year 1916, at the rate of Fifteen per cent upon the Paid-up Capital, has been declared.

Warrants for Tls per share, payable at the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation at Ex: 3/6⅝d per Tael will be issued on 5th May.

The Transfer Books will be closed from 28th April to 5th May, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
H. G. SIMMS,
Secretary.

Shanghai, 25th April, 1917. 13607

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY

On and from May 1st until October 31st, 1917, Cheap Return Tickets, $1.00 First-Class, 50 cents Second-Class, available on the 17.25 train from Shanghai North to Woosung Forts for return the same evening, or available by any train on Saturdays and Sundays, will be issued. An additional train will leave Shanghai North at 19.10 hours, and the last train will leave Woosung Forts at 22.10 hours.

There is good Hotel accommodation at Woosung Forts under foreign supervision.

The Traffic Manager. 13637

S/S "IKOMASAN MARU"

THE S/S "Ikomasan Maru" is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai-Hongkew-Pootung East Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their B/ls for counter-signature and take immediate delivery of the goods. All claims against this steamer must be in within 10 days after completion of the steamer's discharge or they will not be recognised. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by the consignees of the cargo. Examination of damaged goods will take place at the wharf on Tuesday morning, May 3rd, at 10 a.m.

THE ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY,
Agents,
Union Building. 13654

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Drapers & Outfitters

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Quality and Prices of Our Goods appeal to everybody

Just to hand:

Silk Stockings
Dainty Lingerie
Embroidered Voiles and Muslins

H. G. HILL & CO.

Bank of Communications

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Bank of Communications, Shanghai branch, will resume general banking business beginning on and from the 30th of April, 1917, (Lunar calendar, the tenth day of the Third Moon, 6th year of Republic of China).

On and after that date, all Shanghai and Kiangsu notes issued by this branch, and all notes issued by branches at Nanking, Soochow, Pukow, Wusieh, Yangchow, Hsuchow, Chinkiang, Tsinkiangpu, Hangchow, and Ningpo, will be accepted in both Chekiang and Kiangsu Provinces, and will be paid on demand in full at this office and at the offices above mentioned.

Bank of Communications,
CHAO CHING HUA,
Manager.

Shanghai, April 20, 1917. 13554

The Oriental Cotton Spinning Co., Limited.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of the Oriental Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd., will be held at the Office of the General Managers, 4 The Bund, on Tuesday, the 1st day of May, 1917, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

NOTICE is also given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Oriental Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd., will be held immediately after the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing as extraordinary resolutions the following, viz:—

(1) That it is desirable to reconstruct the Company, and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily, and that Edward Andison Mackay, C.A., of 3B Peking Road, Shanghai, be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purposes of such winding up.

(2) That the said Liquidator be and he is hereby authorized to consent to the registration of a new Company to be named The Oriental Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, with a Memorandum and Articles of Association which have already been prepared with the privity and approval of the Directors of this Company.

(3) That the draft Agreement submitted to this meeting and expressed to be made between this Company and its Liquidator of the one part, and The Oriental Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, of the other part, be and the same is hereby approved, and that the said Liquidator be and he is hereby authorised, pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies' Ordinance (Hongkong), 1911, to enter into an Agreement with such new Company (when incorporated) in the terms of the said draft, and to carry the same into effect with such (if any) modifications as he thinks expedient.

Should the above resolutions be passed by the requisite majority, they will be submitted for confirmation as special resolutions to a second extraordinary general meeting, which will be held on Wednesday, the 16th day of May, 1917, at the same time and place.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 25th April to 1st May, 1917, both days inclusive.

Proxies to be valid must be lodged at the Company's offices not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
H. E. ARNHOLD,
General Managers.

Shanghai, 19th April, 1917. 13593

Sun Ling & Co.

Manufacturers and exporters of RATTAN AND WICKERWORK of all descriptions.

Special designs made up at short notice.

Design Books kept at the only address below.

SUN LING & CO.
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Russian 5% Internal Liberty Loan 1917.

Subscription to the LIBERTY LOAN is opened in Russia up to the 13/26th of June, 1917.

The price of issue is 85%.

The Loan is free of income tax and other taxations.

The Loan is issued for 55 years, and will be redeemable at par by yearly drawings beginning in December, 1922.

The Loan may be reimbursed at par after the 16/29 of March, 1927.

Coupons are payable in Russia half-yearly, on the 16/29 of March and 16/29 of September.

Interest on the loan runs from the 16/29 of March, 1917: interest from that date will be added to the price of issue.

The Russo-Asiatic Bank, and its Branches in China, Japan and India, are ready to accept applications for the above-named Loan.

Special favourable rates will be quoted for Russian Exchange.

Applications will be wired to Petrograd free of telegraphic charges and commission. The Bank is ready to give every facility to subscribers in the shape of advances against the Bonds.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager. 13616

S. V. C. INSPECTION

SATURDAY, APRIL 28th

Photographs of the ceremony on the Recreation Ground may be obtained from the

Asia Photo Supply Co.

135 Szechuen Road. 13657.

NEW LAID EGGS

Laid by various kinds of foreign hens can only be ordered from the

KIANGNAN POULTRY FARM

Chun Hsin Road (just opposite the S.N. Railwad Station).

$1.00 for 35

IF YOU WISH to have good results in Developing and Printing your Films, send to **THE ASIA PHOTO SUPPLY CO.** 135-A, Szechuen Road. 'Phone No. 1647. 13332.

NOTICE

THE undersigned will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the Continental Hotel, 88-90 Szechuen Road, on and after May 1st, 1917.

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Storage Space in Our Godown
Between Nanking Road and Kiukiang Road

CONCRETE BUILDING
Fire Proof,
Rain Proof,
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APPLY
China Storage Co.
Care of
Wells Fargo & Co.
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NO PAIN
NO HIGH PRICES

YOU DON'T PAY TOO MUCH IF YOU PAY MY PRICES

Don't lose time. Decayed teeth are unsightly and unhealthy. Neglected and decayed teeth ulcerate; ulcerated teeth must be removed. I aim to save teeth, not remove them. But when extracting becomes necessary, I do it absolutely painlessly and without danger, with my secret preparation called

KILL-PAIN

Call, and if your teeth are not extracted painlessly, pay me nothing. All my gold Crowns are "heavily re-inforced 22 krt. gold" and they never wear through. I guarantee that you can use them for a lifetime.

Crown and Bridge Work $10.00
Rubber plates guaranteed to fit ... $25.00

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DENTAL PARLOR
34 Nanking Road, Shanghai

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Limited.

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G.T.S.

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PRICES VERY MODERATE
PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL ORDERS

Orders from outports and the interior are carefully packed, and all breakages will be promptly made good.

All kinds of Chinese and Japanese coal sold by us also.

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Telephone No. 1095.
SHANGHAI.

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

Alma Estates, Limited

THE Directors have declared an Interim Dividend at the rate of FIVE per cent (being Forty-five tael cents per share) on the Capital of the Company, payable on and after the 30th April, 1917, to shareholders on record on that date.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 23rd to the 30th April, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
HUGO REISS & CO.,
Secretaries & General Managers.

Shanghai, 17th April, 1917. 13524

M. CHING CHONG

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Government Contractors

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Naval and Marine Stores always in stock

Our entire stock is from well-known manufacturers, and our prices are moderate

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Best quality, rich, full milk

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SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE.

Shanghai North To Nanking and Peking—Up (Main Line) Peking and Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS	Express R	Local	Slow	Coolie Goods	Fast R	Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	7.15	..	8.21	9.00	2.50	14.20	24.0
SOOCHOW ..... dep.	9.41	..	11.02	12.13	14.5	18.13	1.08
WUSIH ..... dep	10.30	..	11.21	13.40	15.52	19.11	2.0
CHANGCHOW ..... dep.	11.32	6.10	12.47	15.01	18.47	20.45	3.1
TANYANG ..... dep.	12.15	8.13	14.59	16.14	17.43	..	..
CHINKIANG ..... dep.	12.5	8.5	15.57	17.18	18.32	..	5.06
NANKING ..... arr.	14.15	10.55	17.50	19.25	20.05	..	6.50
NANKING FERRY ..arr.	14.10	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUKOW ..... dep.	5.15.30	T.P.R Second Day	..	..	..	..	..
TSINANFU ..... dep	8.06		..	..	..	..	..
TIENTSIN ..... arr.	16.51		..	..	..	..	..
CENTRAL ..... dep.	17.00	P.M.R.	..	..	..	..	..
PEKING ..... arr.	*19.50		..	..	..	..	..

STATIONS	Local	Slow	Coolie Goods	Fast R	Express R		Night Express R.S.
PEKING ..... dep.	..	..	..	..	8.35	P.M.R.	..
TIENTSIN ..... arr.	..	..	..	..	11.10		..
CENTRAL ..... dep.	..	..	..	..	5.12.00		..
TSINANFU ..... dep.	..	..	..	..	0.31	T.P.R Second Day	..
PUKOW ..... arr.	..	..	..	..	13.00		..
NANKING FERRY dep.	..	..	..	..	14.20	..	..
NANKING ..... dep.	..	7.00	7.30	11.15	14.20	18.55	23.00
CHINKIANG ..... dep.	..	9.05	9.52	13.50	16.01	18.25	1.00
TANYANG ..... dep.	..	9.47	1.5	13.40	14.38	19.19	..
CHANGCHOW ..... dep.	6.20	11.14	12.28	14.52	17.3	20.23	3.06
WUSIH ..... dep.	7.31	2.12	13.4	15.58	18.31	..	4.11
SOOCHOW ..... dep.	8.46	14.50	15.08	16.55	19.28	..	5.12
SHANGHAI NORTH arr.	11.25	16.30	17.55	18.55	21.20	..	7.00

R. Restaurant Cars. S. Sleeping Cars. *Connects with through Siberian Service.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (Branch Line) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS .. dep.	8.55	8.15	10.45	13.10	14.40	14.20	17.10	19.55	21.10	SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	6.15	7.35	10.05	13.15	14.00	15.20	17.25	19.10	21.20
KIANGWA dep.	7.22	8.42	11.12	13.37	15.07	16.47	18.37	20.22	22.37	KIANGWAN dep	6.26	7.46	10.16	12.26	14.11	15.41	17.36	19.21	21.41
SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr	7.30	8.50	11.20	13.45	15.15	16.55	18.45	20.30	22.45	WOOSUNG FORTS..arr.	6.10	8.10	10.40	12.50	14.35	16.05	18.00	19.45	22.05

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAH KOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAH KOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express	Local	Local	Local
Shanghai North ..... dep.	....	7.40	8.55	10.05	....	14.05	....	....	....
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	8.01	9.16	10.26	....	14.25	....	....	....
Soccawei ..... dep.	....	8.10	9.25	0.35	....	14.34	....	....	....
Langhwa Junction ..... dep.	....	8.28	9.48	11.00	....	14.52	....	....	....
Shanghai South ..... dep.	....	*8.00*	*9.20*	*10.30*	*13.35*	*14.30*	*16.10*	*16.45*	*18.00*
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	*8.28*	*9.48*	*11.00*	*13.53*	*14.52*	*16.29*	*17.03*	*18.16*
Sunkiang ..... dep.	....	9.18	10.55	12.10	....	15.28	17.47	....	....
Kashai ..... dep.	....	10.03	11.58	13.33	....	16.15	18.57	....	....
Kashing ..... dep.	7.20	10.35	12.36	14.16	....	16.46	19.30	....	....
Yeh Zah ..... dep.	8.08	11.14	13.20	15.15	....	17.21	....	....	....
Chang Au ..... dep.	9.00	11.49	14.04	16.16	....	17.55	....	....	....
Hangchow ..... dep.	10.38	12.53	15.26	17.47	....	18.54	....	....	....
Zah Kou ..... arr.	11.00	13.09	15.45	18.15	....	19.10	....	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Local	Fast	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express	Local
Zah Kou ..... dep.	....	....	....	6.45	8.10	....	8.55	14.15	16.00
Hangchow ..... dep.	....	....	....	7.15	8.40	....	9.33	14.40	16.30
Chang Au ..... dep.	....	....	....	8.15	9.56	....	11.03	15.26	17.57
Yeh Zah ..... dep.	....	....	....	8.52	10.40	....	12.30	15.57	18.50
Kashing ..... dep.	....	....	7.25	9.40	11.30	....	14.07	16.38	19.40
Kathai ..... dep.	....	....	8.00	10.05	12.00	....	14.47	17.01	....
Sunkiang ..... dep.	....	....	9.18	10.57	13.03	....	16.13	17.49	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	*8.35*	*9.55*	*10.37*	*11.48*	*14.05*	*14.55*	*17.22*	*18.33*	....
Shanghai South ..... arr.	*8.53*	*10.13*	*10.55*	*12.05*	*14.23*	*15.13*	*17.40*	*18.50*	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	....	....	11.44	14.07	.. ..	17.22	18.32	....
Soccawei ..... dep.	....	....	....	11.53	14.17	....	17.32	18.42	....
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	....	....	12.01	14.26	....	17.41	18.51	....
Shanghai North ..... arr.	....	....	....	12.20	14.45	....	18.00	19.10	....

KON ZEN CHIAO TO ZAH KOU KIANGSU BRANCH LINE. ZAH KOU TO KON ZEN CHIAO

Kon Zen Chiao..	dep.	7.05	8.30	11.05	14.05	16.05	18.15	Zah Kou.....	dep.	....	9.40	12.20	...	17.15	....
Ken Shang Mun.	dep.	7.25	8.50	11.20	14.21	16.20	18.29	Hangchow.....	dep.	7.45	10.05	12.50	14.55	17.40	18 50
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.35	9.05	11.35	14.31	16.37	18.37	Ken Shang Mun.	dep.	8.00	10.28	13.05	15.10	17.52	19.02
Zah Kou.....	arr.	....	9.25	11.55	....	17.00	....	Kon Zen Chiao..	arr.	8.13	10.35	13.18	15.28	18.05	19.15

The Hwa Yeng Carpet Factory

Only wool of the best quality obtainable in China is used, after careful sifting, in the manufacture of our carpets. Our workmen are experts in this line of business, specially engaged by us from Peking and Tientsin. Carpets of all sizes and designs, and in every shade and colour, are always kept in stock to meet the demands of the public, but carpets of any novel or special pattern can be made to order. All carpets and rugs sold by us have been highly eulogised by our European customers as marvels of cheapness, considering their good quality.

We have now for sale carpets made of genuine camel wool, our price for which is fixed at the very moderate figure of 50 cents per foot. Foreign patronage is respectfully solicited.

HWA YENG FACTORY.
Nos. 11, 13 and 15 Route des Soeurs
French Concession.
Shanghai, March 5, 1917.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

BEJAMINN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Quotations Closing
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$665
Chartered	£59 10s.
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250
Cathay, ordy	Tls. 5¾ B.
Cathay, pref	Tls. 5.15 B.
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 375 B.
North China	Tls. 150 S.
Union of Canton	$910.
Yangtsze	$220.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$155 B.
Hongkong Fire	Tls. 330 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref	Tls. 122.
Indo-China Def	
"Shell"	107s. B.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 16½ S.
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 46½.
Kochien	Tls. 35
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 9.60.
Oriental Cons	27/6.
Philippine	Tls. 0.80.
Raub	$2¼ B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$123 Sa.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 90 Sa.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 11¾ B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 72½ B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 81½ B.
Land and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 84½ B.
China Land	Tls. 50.
Shanghai Land	Tls. 81 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3.
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	$8 B.
China Realty (ord)	Tls. 50.
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50.
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 152½.
E-wo Pref	Tls. 100.
International	Tls. 82 B.
International Pref	Tls. 68
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 65 B.
Oriental	Tls. 44.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 120 B.
Kung Yik	Tls. 14¾.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 5¾
Yangtszepoo Pref	Tls. 101
Industrials	
Butler Tile	Tls. 23
China Sugar	$114 B.
Green Island	Tls. 8.10 B.
Langkats	Tls. 18 B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5.
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 135 B.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$17½ c.d. B.
Llewellyn	$60.
Lane, Crawford	$100 B.
Moutrie	$35.
Watson	$6½.
Weeks	$17½ S.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 11¾.
Amherst	Tls. 1.05 S.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 10¼ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 5 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 37 B.
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 1¼.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 4¼.
Bute	Tls. 1.10 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 1.45.
Chempedak	Tls. 12 B.
Cheng	Tls. 2.95 B.
Consolidated	Tls. 3.05.
Dominion	Tls. 11¼ B.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 7.90 Sa.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 20½ B.
Kamunting	Tls. 6.65 B.
Kapala	Tls. 1.10
Kapayang	Tls. 28 B.
Karan	Tls. 13½ B.
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 9⅞ B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 18¾ B.
Padang	Tls. 15 B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 10 B.
Permata	Tls. 3.60 B.
Repah	Tls. 1.20 B.
Samagagas	Tls. 1 B.
Seekee	Tls. 7¾ B.
Semambu	Tls. 1.47½ B.
Senawang	Tls. 13¾.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 1 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 7 B.
S'hai Malay-pref	Tls. 13.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1.70.
Sungala	Tls. 1½ B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 11¾.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 6¾.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.90 B.
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.96.
Taiping	Tls. 2.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 1.15 B.
Tebong	Tls. 22 B.
Ulobri	Tls. 2.60.
Ziangbe	Tls. 5.90.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 110.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 10 S.
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$ 2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 76.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 23 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 30
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 30.
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 84½ B.
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 235 B.

S., Sellers. Sa., Sales. B., Buyers.

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Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, April 30, 1917.

Money and Bullion

	Tls.
Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate G.$1.00 @ 85½ = Tls. 1.16 @ 72.3 = Mex.	$1.61
Mex. Dollars. Market rate	72.0375
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch	—
Bar Silver	—
Copper Cash	1788
Sovereigns:	
Buying rate @ 3/6¼ = Tls.	5.68
Exch. @ 72.3 = Mex. $	7.85
Peking Bar	293.5
Native Interest	.06

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	37 1/16d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5%
Market rate of discount:—	
3 m-s.	%
4 m-s.	%
6 m-s.	%
Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.	
Ex., Paris on London	Fr. 27.16
Ex., N. Y. on London T.T.	$ 476 7/16
Consols	£ —

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	3-6 9/16
London	Demand	3-6 5/16
India	(nominal) T.T.	261
Paris	T.T.	481½
Paris	Demand	482
New York	T.T.	84¼
New York	Demand	84⅜
Hongkong	T.T.	68
Japan	T.T.	60¾
Batavia	T.T.	204

Bank's Buying Rates

London	4 m-s. Cdts.	3-7 1/16
London	4 m-s. Docy.	3-8 1/16
London	6 m-s. Cdts.	3-8 1/16
London	6 m-s. Docy.	3-8 1/16
Paris	4 m-s.	497
New York	4 m-s.	87⅝

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR APRIL.

Hk. Tls. 5.18 @ 3/5 1/16		£1
" 1 @ 481¼	=	Francs 5.26
" 1 No quotation		Marks *4.33
" 1.09 @ 82¾		Gold $1.00
" 1 @ 62		Yen 1.30
" 1 @ 15*		Rupees 2.90
" 1 @ 2.88		Roubles 3.21
" 1 @ 1.50		Mex. $1.50

* Nominal.

Stock Exchange

Transactions

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Shanghai, April 30, 1917.

Official

Langkats Tls. 18.00
Shanghai Docks Tls. 90.00
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 14.50
Kota Bahroes Tls. 9.25
Kroewoeks Tls. 18.75
Padangs Tls. 14.75
Padangs Tls. 15.00
Samagagas Tls. 1.00
Semambus Tls. 1.47½
Shanghai Klebangs Tls. 1.00
Yangtszepoo Cotton (Ord) Tls. 5.75

Sharebrokers' Association

Transactions

BUSINESS DONE

Shanghai, April 30, 1917.

Official

New Eng. and S. Works Tls. 12.00 cash.

Direct

Butes Tls. 1.25 cash

The China Mutual Life Insurance Company, Ltd.

POLICIES issued in any currency except those of Enemy Countries.

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The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.

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Dominion Declares 150 Per Cent

The shareholders of the Dominion Rubber Co., Ltd., held their third annual general meeting yesterday afternoon at 4.30 at the offices of Messrs. Meyer and Measor, No. 4 Yuen-ming-yuen Road. There were present Messrs. E. T. Byrne, Chairman; F. W. Sutterle, E. S. Kadoorie, G. Grayrigge and E. A. Measor (directors) and shareholders representing in all 19,236 shares.

Mr. E. Prince, the secretary, read the notice convening the meeting and the auditors' report, after which Mr. Byrne said:

Gentlemen, with your permission I will take the Report and Accounts as read. The result of the year's working will, I feel sure, be regarded as satisfactory. The balance of Working Account amounts to Tls. 207,818.86 against Tls. 192,801.21 for the previous year. This improvement would have been very much more marked but for the adverse exchange, accounting for fully Tls. 50,000 less in comparison with 1915. To a certain extent this has been compensated for by favorable contracts entered into last year, by which the selling price of our Rubber averages 2/9.19 against 2/4.265 in 1915—our contracts expire next month when we hope the situation may be favorable for new ones at advantageous rates.

Our Hendra Estate has required extra expenditure and careful nursing to make up for the faults of earlier years, but we are glad to say Mr. Phillips, our Manager there, is making most satisfactory progress in his efforts for improvement.

As you will see from the Report, the yield from this Estate has slightly fallen away compared with the previous year, and is nearly 17,000 lbs. under the estimate. This is due to the resting of a section of 96 acres which required prompt and radical treatment, and under the program of our Visiting Agent, Mr. Milne, we have expended fully $6,000 under the heading of Manuring and Cultivation to bring this 10 year old rubber back to a healthy condition, and I may say we think the money well spent.

Hendra this year is estimated to produce 150,000 pounds, which we consider is satisfactory evidence of the improvement of this Estate. Mr. Goundry, who was assistant for about 2½ years, died last November, and as he was shortly due for leave with half pay your Directors made an allowance of Tls. 702 to his widow

You will see from the Report that the Board have decided to plant up all available land amounting to 248 acres as they consider the Company's finances fully justify such an undertaking.

In considering the estimates for the current year, we shall have to bear in mind the increasing cost of various articles incidental to the preparation of rubber and working of Estates, besides which we have to face a War Tax of 7½% on rubber whilst the value is over 2/6 per lb., which is an increase of over a penny per pound in the F. O. B. cost. As an offset, we have the prospect of an output of about 425,000 lbs. against 338,848 last year, an increase of say 56,000 lbs.

The Managers on the two Estates, Messrs. Cantrell and Phillips, have done exceedingly good work although handicapped by numerous changes in the junior staff, and I should like to signify the Board's appreciation of their services as well as those of the Local Agents and General Managers.

In regard to the Balance Sheet, there is little that calls for special comment except that your Directors propose that the amount of Tls.162,500 standing to the Credit of Premium on Shares be written off Property Account which I trust will meet with your approval.

The Balance brought forward from Profit and Loss Account amounting to Tls. 92,095.49 has been dealt with in the Report.

The Chairman then put forward the following resolutions, which were carried:

That the Report and Accounts for the year 1916 be passed.

That a final dividend of 50 per cent per share, making 150 per cent for the year, be paid to shareholders on record at this date.

That Mr. E. S. Kadoorie be re-elected a Director of the company.

That Mr. E. A. Measor be re-elected a Director.

That the amount of Tls. 162,500 standing at credit of premium on shares account be transferred to new property account.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews be re-elected Auditors of the Company for Shanghai and Singapore at a remuneration of Tls. 400 per annum.

That the Directors be authorised to give at their discretion the amount of Tls. 4,000 out of the profits of the current year to war funds.

Chemor Rubber Company Meets

The fifth annual meeting of shareholders of the Chemor United Rubber Company, Limited, was held yesterday afternoon at 3.30 at the offices of the Messrs. R. N. Truman and Co., the general managers. Altogether 61,371 shares were represented. The directors present were: Messrs. E. E. Clark, Chairman; G. Grayrigge, E. S. Kadoorie, F. W. Sutterle and R. N. Truman.

The secretary having read the notice convening the meeting, Mr. Clark spoke as follows:

"Acreage.—During the year under review three hundred and forty six acres have been opened, which brings the planted area up to 1,171 acres as compared with 1,094 acres before the sale of the outlying sections of Kinding and Tyrone. It is the intention this year to open a further 78 acres on Batu Dua, which will complete the planting of all the available land on this estate. On Chemor a further 18 acres will be opened, leaving about 60 acres to be planted next year so that unless we acquire other land both estates will be fully planted by 1918.

"On the advice of our visiting agents we exchanged a small outlying block of five acres and thirty-eight poles for an area of four acres three rods and 4 poles adjoining our estate. The advantage of such an exchange will be readily seen if you refer to the map before you.

"The crop of rubber harvested amounted to 199,421 lbs. Though considerably short of the estimate it shows an increase of 13,438 lbs. over the previous year. As explained in the report the shortage was due partly to the new system of tapping adopted and also to heavy wintering, the thinning out of 5,439 tappable trees on Chemor and unfavorable health and weather conditions. In former years our experience was usually of the opposite character and yields have generally exceeded the estimate, and for 1916 we had the additional assurance of the visiting agents that the estimate should be reached. Estimates of crops are at all times uncertain and are apt to be affected by circumstances that cannot be foreseen, and this applies with particular force to rubber cultivations which have not yet finally emerged from the experimental stage.

"The yield for 1917 is estimated at 215,000 lbs. and I trust this will prove to be on the conservative side.

"The F. O. B. cost of production was 1/0.16 compared with 1/0.54 in the previous year. The costs this year will be affected by the extra duty which is charged under the cost of production. The charge has been increased from 2½% to 5% when the price of rubber does not exceed 2/6 and to 7½% when the price of rubber exceeds 2/6. The extra duty is in the nature of a War Tax which I feel sure you will consider as a justifiable levy.

"The average gross price realised for the sale of 161,389 lbs. of all grades was 2/9.15 F. O. B. Singapore and as the average price in London for the year for only the best number one crepe was 2/10¼ the price realised may be considered very satisfactory. All number one grades were treated by hand machinery the inferior grades being treated by neighboring Estates. The question of installing power plant will be considered after the war. Up to the present no forward sales of rubber have been made the average price quoted for the first three months of the year offering no inducement as compared with last year.

"Both Estates have been kept in a thoroughly clean condition. The higher cost for weeding on Chemor is due to the rather low-lying nature of the new extensions. Areas of this nature are always more expensive to weed.

"The supply of Tamil labor has not been good, due to the indifferent health on both Estates. The Estate doctors are doing everything possible to improve the health and towards the latter part of the year a decided improvement was reported.

You will notice from the report that though the rainfall in 1916 was considerably less than in 1915, that it rained on 188 days as compared with 153 in the previous year. Wet mornings interfere with tapping, thus affecting the output.

Thinning out has been continued, and on the older areas of Chemor some of the fields will be thinned out to contain no more than 90 trees to the acre, this policy being strongly advocated by the visiting agents.

Both Estates are particularly free from disease and as a further safeguard all rotting timber is being removed and a regular system of cultivation introduced.

We have been fortunate in retaining our managers, who have both worked well in the interests of the Company besides "doing their bit" in the way of annual drills.

Mr. Truman visited the Estates in September last year, so the Board is well in touch with Estate affairs. I wish here to record the directors' appreciation of the services rendered by the agents, Estate staff, our secretaries and managers.

"Now turning to the accounts. The sum spent on Development was $43,507.27, as compared with $33,187.20 in the previous year. After charging all Head Office expenditure, Directors', Auditors' fees and Depreciation and the Tls. 2,000 generously contributed by you to War Funds, the net profit for the year amounts to Tls. 87,712.83, to which must be added the balance for 1915, Tls. 515.50, or a total of Tls. 88,228.33. Deducting from this the interim dividend paid on June 15, 1916, Tls. 40,000, there remains available Tls. 48,228.33.

"The Directors recommend that this balance should be dealt with as follows:—

	Tls.
To the payment of a final dividend of 5 candareens per share, making '16 2/3 per cent for the year	20,000.00
Write off Buildings and Furniture	7,073.96
Write off Plant and Machinery	487.27
Write off Live Stock and Carts	486.08
Commission to Administrative Staff (as per agreements)	1,888.65
	Tls. 29,935.96
Leaving to be carried forward	18,292.37
	Tls. 48,228.33

"It is disappointing to the Directors that the final dividend recommended is not up to the interim but at the time the interim dividend was declared the prospects justified the expectation of our being able to pay at least a final of 10% or even more. Unfortunately things did not turn out as expected and the price of Rubber declined from 3/- in May to 2/2½ in August and did not reach the May price again during the year. Exchange also accounts for a very large decrease in our silver profits, and in addition the shortage in the crop as previously explained was unexpected. Before finally closing my remarks I will quote you an extract from the visiting agents' report made in February this year. Mr. Milne says of Chemor:—

"The property is now in almost perfect order in every respect, equipped with up-to-date buildings of a permanent character and well organised.

"If the labor difficulty can only be surmounted and a settled and healthy Tamil force established, the future prospects of Chemor are very good indeed.

"A great deal of useful work has been put in during the year and Mr. Johnson deserves credit for the capable manner in which the various improvements have been handled.

"Mr. Stevens says of the Batu Dua Section:—

"Mr. Murray took over charge of the property on February 1, 1916. His advent ushered in a period of economic control and effective management. He is especially to be complimented on his extensions which have been opened up with marked ability.

"The prospects for 1917, in connection with Batu Dua and Rihduan are solid. Your manager has the best interests of the properties at heart and has settled down to his work.

"According to the Articles of Association two Directors retire, viz: Mr. Truman and myself, and we offer ourselves for re-election.

"Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews, who audit the accounts in the Straits and Shanghai, seek re-appointment."

The chairman then put forward the following resolutions, which were carried unanimously:

That the printed report and statement of accounts for the financial year ended December 31, 1916, as circulated to the shareholders, be adopted.

That a final dividend of 5 candareens, making 16-2/3 per cent for the year, be paid to shareholders on the register at this date.

That Mr. E. E. Clark a retiring director, be re-elected.

That Mr. E. E. Clark, a retiring director, be re-elected.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews be re-elected the Company's auditors for the ensuing year.

That the directors be authorised to contribute £300 of the profits for the year 1917 for the benefit of some war fund.

RAVEN TRUST COMPANY, LTD.

SHANGHAI

Authorised Capital . . . U. S. $1,000,000.

Paid-up Capital . . . . „ 235,000.

NOTICE

Owing to the extension of our business this company will remove on Today, May 1st, to more commodious quarters at No. 15 Nanking Road.

F. J. RAVEN
General Manager.

BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service

London, April 24.—Today's silver prices were as follows:—

Bar silver Spot 37 1/16d. Indian Buying Firm.

Previous Quotation, London, April 23.

Bar Silver Spot 37d. Quiet.

London, April 25.—Today silver prices were as follows:—

Bar Silver Spot 37 1/16d. Steady.

Previous Quotation, London, April 24.

Bar Silver Spot 37 1/16d. Indian Buying Firm.

U. K. METAL MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, April 24.—Today's metal prices were:—

	£	s.	d.
Standard Copper G.M.B. f.o.b.	130	5	0
American Electrolytic 99 99% Copper f.o.b.	132	0	0
Lead L. B. c.i.f. per ton	Nominal		
Soft Lead "Spanish" f.o.b.	30	0	0
Quicksilver, Second hand Ex Warehouse f.o.b. (1/-Extra in flash	20	0	0
Tinplates, I.C.W. 22/24 100 lbs. 112 Sheets per Case tin lined Cases without Hoops f.o.b. Wales (Nom.)	31	0	
Muntz Metal, f.ob. London or Liverpool (less ½%) (Nom.)	16¾	d.	
Standard Tin (Cash)	225	0	0
Spelter (ordy soft) f.o.b.	52	0	0
Galvanised Sheets 24 Gauge f.o.b.	26	5	0
Standard Tin (3 Months)	225	0	0

INDIAN COUNCIL BILLS

Reuter's Service

London, April 25.—Tenders for Indian Council Bills and Deferred Transfers were:—

Tenders for Bills and Deferred transfers.
Highest price 1s. 4-5/32d.
Tenders at 1s. 4-5/32d.
Receive 64%
Tenders for Transfers.
Highest price 1s. 4 1/16d.
Tenders at 1s. 4 1/16d.
Receive 64%.
Total amount sold during the week, Rs. 12.000.000.
Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 12.000.000.

London Rubber Market

Reuter's Service

London, April 25.—Today's rubber prices were:—

Plantation First Latex Crepe:
Spot: 2s. 11½d. paid.
July to December: 2s. 10½d. paid.
Tendency of Market: Quiet.

Previous Quotation, London, April 24:—
Spot: 2s. 11½d. paid.
July to December: 2s. 10½d. paid.
Tendency of Market: Weak.

COMMERCIAL CABLES

Reuter's Service

London, April 24.—Today's rates, prices and deliveries were:—

Consols 2½% for account £55¼
Cheques on London at Paris Fr. 27.15
T.T. on London at New York .... G. $4.76½
Bar Silver (Spot) .... 37 1/16d.
Bank of England Rate of Discount 5%
Market rate of Discount 4⅝%
Cotton; Egyptian F.G.F. .... 26.50d.
Cotton; M. G. Fine Scinde & Bengal .... 10.30d.
Cotton; Mid American Spot .... 12.45d.
Plantation Rubber
April .... 2s. 11¾d. Paid.
Deliveries China Silk .... 180 Bales
Deliveries Canton Silk .... 95 Bales
Deliveries Japan Silk .... 63 Bales
Tone of Tea Market: Very Firm.

LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received by the general agent from the Sumatra director and manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijn-Bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat:

"The output of crude oil for April 29 was 83 tons."

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

TUESDAY, MAY 1, 1917

Date and Place	Per	Chi.	British	French	Ger.	U.S.A.	Russian	Japan	Regist
Today									
Europe via Siberia (Express)	Via Pukow	..	7.00*	..	..	..	..	..	5 (30th)
Hongkong and beyond	Hirano maru	..	..	..	..	..	..	c4.00	3.30
Hongkong, S. Ports, Australia, Straits, Ceylon, India & Europe via Suez		..	c5.00	..	..	..	..	..	4.00
Hongkong and Canton		4.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.30
Europe via Suez		4.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.30
River Ports	Tuckwo	9.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.30
Weihaiwei, Chefoo and Tientsin	Shengking	1.30	1.30	..	..	..	..	..	9.00
Weihaiwei, Chefoo and Tientsin	Kingsing	9.00	5.00	5.00	..	..	5.00	..	1 00
Hongkong and Canton	Hirano maru	3.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.00
Hongkong, Southern Ports, Australia, the Straits, Ceylon and India	Hirano maru	3.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.30
Hongkong			3.30	..	..	..	..	..	2.30
Chefoo and Tientsin	Anping	9.00	5.00	5.00	..	..	5.00	..	9 00
Swatow	Tamsui	9.00	5.00	4.30	..	..	4.30	5.00	9.00
Tientsin (Every day except Sunday)	Train	..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	
Hankow (Every day)	Train	..	..	..	..	..	11.30*	..	10.00*
Peking and Tientsin (Every day)		..	..	..	..	..	5.00	..	5.00
Hankow		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ningpo	Kiangteen	3.30	3.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow									
Europe Via Siberia	Via Pukow	x9.00	..	..	..	..	6.00	..	5.30
Japan via Moji	Kumano maru	..	..	..	..	..	..	4.00	3.30
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Wuchang & Kiangfoo	9.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Kumano maru	8.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.00
Thursday, May 3.									5.00
Amoy and Hongkong		..	9.00*	..	..	..	..	..	..
Europe via Siberia (Post Train)	Via Pukow	..	7.00*	..	..	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Kiangwah	9.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	5(2nd)
Newchwang	Foochow	8.3*	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.00
Amoy, Hongkong and Canton	Szechuen	8.30*	..	..	..	..	..	..	8.00*
Friday, May 4.									8.00*
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Saturday, May 5.									
Japan via Nagasaki	Yamashiro maru	..	..	..	..	..	..	p8.30*	..
Monday, May 7.									
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	x9.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

An asterick (*) denotes a.m.

A Letters and boxes with declared value 8.30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m.

C Letters and boxes with declared value 3.30 p.m. Parcel post and money orders 3 p.m.

D Registration 8.30 p.m. on previous day. Letters and boxes with declared value 8.30 p.m. on previous day. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m. on previous day.

E Registration 8.30 p.m. Supplementary mails closed at 7 a.m. following day.

G Parcel post 12 noon.

British Post office.—Until further notice the ordinary and registered letter mails for Europe via Pukow and Siberia will be closed at 5 p.m. on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. There will be a supplementary receipt of unregistered correspondence between 8.30 and 9 o'clock on the same evening during which time the office will be open for the sale of stamps only.

Chinese Post office.—Until further notice, mails for Europe, via Pukow and Siberia, will be closed at the Chinese Post Office as follows: Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 9 p.m. Registered mails are closed half an hour earlier. A supplementary mail of ordinary correspondence only will be closed on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 a.m.

Japanese Post office.—Until further notice a mail will be despatched for Europe, via Dalny, every Tuesday morning, and via Pukow and Mukden, by the night-train on Wednesday and Saturday.

Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 9 a.m. Registration at 5 p.m. at the Russian post office.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund 1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminister Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Hoilo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Manila	(F. M. S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy (Lower
Haiphong	New York	Burma)
Hankow	Peking	Tientsin
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

W. B. SUTHERLAND,
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserves ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bangkok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papeete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Pari et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-up Capital .... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling, £1,500,000 @ 2s. $15,000,000
Silver 18,500,000
$33,500,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Chairman.
J. A. Plummer Esq., Deputy
Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton. [Chairman.
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.
C. S. Gubbay Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
E. V. D. Darr, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Hon. Mr. E. Shellim.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Peking
Bankok	Johore	Penang
Batavia	Kobe	Rangoon
Bombay	Kualalumpur	Saigon
Calcutta	London	S. Francisco
Canton	Lyons	Shanghai
Colombo	Malacca	Singapore
Foochow	Manila	Sourabaya
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tsingtau
Iloilo		Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN.
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	24,600,000
	Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ..	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,743,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London Office: 64, Old Broad St. E. C.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe General pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Gerenale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Hailan	Peking
Calcutta	Hankow	Shanghai
Chanchun	Harbin	Tientsin
(Kwan chendze)	Hongkong	Tsingtau
	Newchwang	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Nicolayowsk	Yokohama
Dalny	(Dairen o-A	

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposits Boxes.

J. JEZIERSKI,
Q. CARRERE,
Managers for China and Japan

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Up Capital ..... $ 300,000.00
Reserves ..... $ 10,000.00
Deposits (Dec. 31, 1916) $1,400,000.0

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a speciality.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Current account in both taels and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.

Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both taels and dollars, will be furnished on request.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000
Paid-up Capital $10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:
Peking, Tientsin, Newchang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kalfung, Hankow Ichang, Shanshi, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Deposit Account in Taels at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Saving Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
One-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai
BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generale pour le Development du Commerce et du l'Industrie en France.
In London: London, County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION,
Manager.
1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(*Established* 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed .. Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up .... „ 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... „ 20,800,000

London Bankers:
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Antunghsin	London	Port Arthu
Bombay	Liaoyang	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Los Angeles	Singapore
Changchun	Lyons	Sydney
Dalny	Mukden	Sinanfu
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Harbin	Newchwang	Tientsin
Hongkong	New York	Tokio
Honolulu	Osaka	Tsingtau
Kobe	Peking	

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital (paid-up)	U.S.$3,250,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	4,260,022.81
	U.S.$7,510,022.81

Head Office:
55 Wall Street, New York
National City Bank Building.

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E.C.

Branches:

Bombay	Hongkong	Peking
Calcutta	Kobe	San Francisco
Canton	London	Santo Domingo
Cebu	Manila	Shanghai
Colon (Cristobal C.Z.)	Medellin	Singapore
Hankow	Panama	Tientsin
		Yokohama

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution in Cuba and South America, viz.:—

Buenos Aires	Santiago de Cuba
Bahia	Santos
Havana	San Paulo
Montevideo	Valparaiso
Rio de Janeiro	

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND,
Manager.
In Kiukiang Road, SHANGHAI.

Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.
Paid-up Capital—
Guilds 60,000,000 (about £5,000,000
Reserve Fund—
Guilds 9,925,431 (about £827,120)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.
Branches.

Banjermasin	Padang	Soerokarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tandjong Balei
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tebin-Tinggi
Dejember	Penang	Tegal
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Telok-Betong
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Kota-Radja	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar	Singapore	
Medan	Soerabaya	

London Bankers:
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.
Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital .. Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorised Capital	H.$2,000,000
Subscribed and paid up Capital	H.$1,371,500
Reserve Fund	H.$ 120,000
Investment reserve fund...	H.$ 20,000

Head Office:
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office:
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Subscribed Capital	1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	562,500
Reserve Fund	600,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore.	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH,
Acting Manager.
7 Nanking Road.
9752

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorized by Presidential Mandates of April 7, 1914 and October 31, 1915.

Paid up Capital: Kunping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.
SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangements.

Credit granted on Approved Securities and Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

CHAO CHING HUA,
Manager.

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH
1 Kiukiang Road

Capital (Paid-up) .. Yen	15,000,000
Reserves ..... Yen	1,470,000
Deposits ..... Yen	120,000,000

President, Baron K. SUMITOMO

Head Office: OSAKA.

Branches:
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Statutes approved by the Government in 1916
Head Office: Tientsin

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Paid up Capital	$1,000,000.00

Managing Director: SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies:

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Programme for May 1st, 2nd and 3rd.

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Fourteen Powerful Stories by MRS. WILSON WOODROW have been put into Fourteen Gripping Photo-Dramas, based upon Social Errors in Society, that will hold you from start to finish. Each story is complete in itself.

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PRICES AS USUAL — CHILDREN HALF PRICE

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Complete New Programme
For May 1st, 2nd and 3rd
SHOWING
The 4th Episode of
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Ford Sterling Two Part Comedy
"A Shooting Match"
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Other Comedies

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE
On Friday May 4th,
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The Great D'Annunzio Spectacle

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Programme for May 1st, 2nd and 3rd
"THE IRON CLAW"
The Serial Superior, Featuring Pearl White, Creighton Hale and Sheldon Lewis.
In 2 Episodes of Two Reels each
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Showing 3rd and 4th Episodes, entitled:
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Four Reels.

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An amusing comedy.

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Animated Cartoon of News from Nowhere in Particular

Two Shows every night: 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

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NEW CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
For May 1st, 2nd and 3rd
SHOWING
"THE BIRTH OF A MAN"

A Five-Part Masterpiece with America's Most Famous Motion Picture Actor
HENRY B. WATHALL

Showing Also
NEW GRAPHIC
and NEW COMEDIES

Siccawei Weather Report

29.—The depression sweeps across Nippon, from S.W. to N.E. it deepens considerably and is surrounded by an intense cyclonic circulation. Strong N.W. to N.E. brezes along our coasts. Fair weather at Shanghai; warm afternoon.

30.—The sky becomes overcast, at Shanghai. The pressure decreases again, and the wind shifts back to the S. quarter.

Monday, April 30, 1917.

WEATHER.	4 a.m.	9 a.m.
Bar. at Centr., mm	763.70	765.40
" " inches.....	30.07	30.13
Variation mm. for 24 h ..	-6.90	-4.38
Variation mm. for 12 h ..	-4.87	-3.45
Wind { Direction	NNE	NNE
Wind { Kilom per hour ..	9	27
Wind { Miles	5.6	16.8
Temperature { Cen ..	7.2	16.6
Temperature { Fahr	45.0	60.1
Humidity co	99	87
Rebu. sity 5-10	1	1
Rainfallmm.....	—	—
Rainfallinches	—	—

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
May 3	3.00	San Francisco	Korea maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
" 6	8.30*	Seattle, Victoria etc.	Awa maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 14	5.00*	Seattle, Victoria etc.	Yokohama maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 15		San Francisco	Siberia maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
" 16	"	Tacoma & Seattle Wash	Panama maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
" 18		New York via Panama	Tatsuno maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 26		San Francisco	Tenyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
" 28		Tacoma & Seattle Wash	Manila maru	Jap.	O. S. K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

May	1	6.00*	Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe	Yawata maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
"	3	8.00	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Korea maru	Jap. A. T. Co.
"	8	8.00*	Kobe & Osaka via Moji	Kumano maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
"	8	6.0 *K.be		Katori maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
"	9	8.3*Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe		Yamashiro maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
"	6	8.30*	Moji, Kobe and Yokohama	Awa maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
"	8		Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Omi maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
"	11	8.00	Nagasaki	Simbirsk	Rus. R.V.F.
"	12		Nagasaki Moji & Kobe	Chikugo maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
"	14	5.00*	Moji, Kobe & Yokohama	Yokohama maru	Jap. N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

May	3	..	London etc.	Hirano maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
"	8		Java Ports	Tjikini	Dut. H.-C.T. Co.
"	6	..	London etc.	Fushimi maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
"	16		London etc.	Kaga maru	Jap. N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

May	1	D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Chenan	Br. B. & S.
"	1	5.30	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N.Co.
"	1	A.M.	Foochow	Haean	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
"	2	D.L.	Swatow	Tsuisui	Br. B. & S.
"	2	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Pekine	Br. B. & S.
"	2	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi. N.S.S. Co.
"	2	noon	Hongkong	Panama maru	Jap. O. S. K.
"	3	10.0	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Szechuen	Br. B. & S.
"	6	5.00	Hongkong	Tenyo maru	Jap. A. T. Co.
"	6	noon	Hongkong & Canton	Anhui	Br. B. & S.
"	8		Takao via F'ohow & Keelung	Keelung maru	Jap. O. S. K.
"	8	D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Sunning	Br. B. & S.
"	25	noon	Honskong	Kamakura maru	Jap. N. Y. K.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

May	1	7.0	*Dairy	Sakaki maru	Jap S. M. R.
"	1	3.00	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & T'tsin	Shengking	Br. B. & S.
"	1	A.M.	Tientsin	Hsinfung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
"	2	9.00	*Tsingtao	Sango maru	Jap. S. M. R.
"	2	D.L.	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & T'tsin	Kingsing	Br. J. M. & Co.
"	2	A.M.	Chefoo & Tientsin	Anping	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
"	3	10.00	*Haichow & Eching	Chihli	Br. B. & S.
"	3	10.0	*Newchwang	Foochow	Br. B. & S.
"	4	..	Tsingtao and Dairy	Kobe maru	Jap S. M. R.
"	9		T'tsin & Dairy via Tsingtao	Kokoku maru	Jap. O. S. K.
"	9	D.L.	Antung	Wenchow	Br. B. & S.
"	11	8.00	Vladivostock	Simbirsk	Rus. R.V.F.

FOR RIVER PORTS

May	1	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Tatung	Br. B. & S.
"	1	M.N.	do	Pachang maru	Jap. N.K.K.
"	1	M.N.	do	Changon	Br. Geddes & Co
"	1	M.N.	do	Kukwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
"	2	6.0	*Hankow	Shaohsing	Br. B. & S.
"	2	M.N.	Hankow etc	Wuchang	Br. B. & S.
"	2	M.N.	do	Kiangtoo	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
"	2	M.N.	do	Siangyang maru	Jap. N.K.K.
"	3	M.N.	do	Kiangwan	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
"	3	M.N.	do	Chungking	Br. B. & S.
"	4	M.N.	do	Fungting	Br. B. & S.
"	4	M.N.	do	Tatoo maru	Jap. N.K.K.
"	4	M.N.	do	Loongwo	Br. J.M. & Co.
"	5	M.N.	do	Poyang	Br. B. & S.
"	5	M.N.	do	Nanyang maru	Jap. N.K.K.

* A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Apr 29	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW
" 29	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chi.	N. S.N.Co.	NSCW
" 30	Amoy	Szechuen	1143	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
" 30	Dairy	Sakaki maru	1846	Jap.	S. M. R.	SMRW
" 30	Hankow	Siangyang maru	2225	Jap.	N.K.K.	NYKW
" 30	Hankow	Wuchang	1719	Br.	B. & S	CNW
" 30	Hankow	Kiangtoo	1468	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
Apr 29	Hongkong & Canton	Yingchow	1932	Br.	B. & S.
" 29	Hankow etc.	Yohyang maru	1917	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 29	Hankow etc.	Kiangbsin	2101	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
" 29	Hankow etc	Kutwo	1924	Br.	J.M. & Co.
" 29	do	Tachi maru	1548	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 29	Swatow, H'kong and Canton	Wosang	1127	Br.	J. M. & Co.
" 30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br.	B. & S.
" 30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Nov 14	Hankow	Albenga	3769	Ger.	Carlowitz	US
Aug 4	Hongkong	Bohemia	4282	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B VII
Aug 5	Hongkong	China	3868	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B XIII
Apr 24	Japan	Chikuzen maru	2578	Jap.	N. Y. K	NYKW
Apr 28	Hongkong	Chenan	1053	Br.	B. & S.	CNPW
Aug 8	Hongkong	D Rickmers	3651	Ger.	H. D. & Co	USA
Dec 27	Nanking	Fosuna	182	Ger.	H. D. & Co	US
Apr 15	Hongkong	Glenstrae	3054	Br.	Glen Line	CMLW
Apr 28	Tientsin	Hsinfung	1290	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
July 16	Hankow	Meidah	1682	Ger.	Melchers	US
July 30	Hankow	Mellee	1682	Ger.	Melcher	US
Mar 18	Ningpo	Meifoo	406	Am.	S. Oil Co	SOCW
Apr 30	Chinwangtao	Proteus	1025	Br.	K M. A.	KMAW
July 30	Tsingtao	Silkiang	1840	Ger.	H. A. L.	US
July 30	Hongkong	Silesia	3318	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B IX
Mar 25	Cruise	Store Nordiske	596	Dan	G.-N. T. Co.	7 p
Apr 22	Chinwangtao	Tenno maru	1290	Jap.	K. M. A.	KMAW
Apr 25	Chinwangtao	Volund	1298	Nor.	K.M.A.	KMAW
Apr 28	Japan	Yawata maru	3898	Jap	N. Y. K.	NYKW

Men-of-War in Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Men	Commander
BNE	Apr. 13	Cruise	Quiros	Am g-b.				Hanson
7P	Apr. 14	Cruise	Samar	Am g-b.				Timberlake
P&OB	Apr. 14	Cruise	Villalobos	Am g-b.				Clarke
QDW	Mar. 5	Cruise	Wilmington	Am g-b.	1392	8	159	Chadwick

The French gunboats D. de Lagree and Decides, the Japanese gunboats Fushimi, Sumida and Toba, and the British gunboat Woodlark are not included in this list, being dismantled.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Tatung, Captain C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, May 1, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s str. Tuckwo, 3,770 tons, Capt. Philip, will leave on Tuesday, May 1, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. No. 240.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s str. Tachang Maru, Capt. H. Yamashita, will be despatched from Pootung, N.K.K. wharf on Tuesday, May 1, at about 12 o'clock midnight. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nissan Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s str. Siangyang Maru, Capt. J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. wharf on Wednesday, May 2, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nissan Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The str. Kiangfoo, Capt. A. S. Malcolm, will leave on Wednesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW and PORTS. The China Navigation Co.'s str. Wuchang, Capt. Pickard, will leave on Wednesday, May 2, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

For Southern Ports

FOOCHOW.—The str. Haean, Capt. F. H. Wallace, will leave on Tuesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Chenan, Capt. P. H. Cowan, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, May 1 at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Hsin Peking, Captain A. Stott R.N.R. will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, the 2nd May, at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tls. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The str. Panama Maru, Capt. H. Yamamoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on Wednesday, May 2. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Szechuen, Captain F. M. Dillon, will leave on Thursday, May 3, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HONGKONG.—The s.s. Tenyo Maru, 22,000 tons, Capt. H. S. Smith, will leave on Sunday, May 6. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For passage apply to Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

HONGKONG.—The str. Panama Maru, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched from the Co's. Yangtszepoo wharf on May 2 at noon. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the customs jetty at 11 a.m., on the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234.

For Northern Ports

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO, and TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Shengking, Capt. McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, May 1, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN.—The str. Hsinfung, Capt. F. H. Hamblin, will leave on Tuesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The str. Anping, Capt. W. R. Wallace, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Foochow, Capt. C. R. Mecham, will leave on Thursday, May 3, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration s.s. Kwangping, May 3. For Freight or Passage apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road. Tel. 319.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The ss.s. Korea Maru, 18,000 tons, Capt. Ota, will leave on Thursday, May 3. Passengers booked to all points in America, and ports in Great Britain and Europe. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to The American Trading Company.

For Japan

NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—The s.s. Korea Maru, 18,000 tons, Capt. Ota, will leave on Thursday, May 3. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to The American Trading Company.

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*The s.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—s.s. Anhui, Chenan, Yingchow, Sinkiang, Shantung and Sunning.—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports.
Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.

For TIENTSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shantien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p.m. The above steamers are installed with Electric Light throughout, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, Foochow Road.

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			arr.	leave.
"PANAMA MARU"	(12,000 tons)	Capt. H. Yamamoto	May 15,	16
"MANILA MARU"	(18,000 tons)	Capt. N. Kobayashi	May 27,	28

(For Hongkong)

			arr.	leave.
"PANAMA MARU"	(12,000 tons)	Capt. H. Yamamoto	May 1,	2

CHINA COASTING LINE

For Tientsin and Dairen via Tsingtau

				arr.	leave.
"KOHOKU MARU"	(2,610 tons)	Capt. K. Saito	May	9.	11
"——— MARU"	(tons)	Capt. ———		—	—

For Foochow, Keelung and Takao.

				arr.	leave.
"KEELUNG MARU"	(1,669 tons)	Capt. T. Kamiashi	May	6	8

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to India, South America, Australia, China, Korea, Vladivostock, and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.

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OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, Union Building, 4 The Bund.
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI. Tel. Nos. 4047, 4234.

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PROPOSED SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S.	"KOREA MARU"	18,000	Tons.	May 3	1917
"	"SIBERIA MARU"	18,000	"	" 15	"
"	"TENYO MARU"	22,000	"	" 26	"
"	"NIPPON MARU"	11,000	"	June 14	"
"	"SHINYO MARU"	22,000	"	" 22	"

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SPECIAL REDUCED RATES by the s.s. "Nippon Maru" and s.s. "Persia Maru" affording superior accommodation at reduced rates.

Round-trip tickets at reduced rates. Lay-over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Through rates include rail transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama, if desired.

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VIA NAGASAKI KOBE YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU
JUNE 26, SEPT. 8, NOV. 19.

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FOR HONGKONG
JUNE 12, AUG. 26, NOV. 6.

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(Subject to alteration.)

EUROPEAN LINE.

For London via Hongkong, Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, etc.

	Tons		
HIRANO MARU	16,000	———	May 3
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	———	May 6
KAGA MARU	12,500	———	May 16

AMERICAN LINE.

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash.

AWA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Hayashi,	May 6, 1917
YOKOHAMA MARU ..	12,500	Capt. T. Terada,	May 14, 1917
KAMAKURA MARU ..	12,500	Capt. T. Shirai,	June 13, 1917

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE. (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

YAMASHIRO MARU ..	7,000	Capt. K. Sudzuki	May 5
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	May 8
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yui,	May 12
HAKUAI MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Takano,	May 15
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yasuhara,	May 19

KOBE TO SEATTLE.

INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Higo,	May 4

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji.)

KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. K. Yagiu,	May 3
KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Saito,	May 10, 1917

FOR JAPAN.

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. B. Kon,	May 3
AWA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Hayashi,	May 6

FOR HONGKONG.

KAMAKURA MARU ..	12,500	———	May 25, 1917

NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

TATSUNO MARU	15,000	———	May 18

AUSTRALIAN LINE.

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan Ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)

			Leave Hongkong.
AKI MARU	12,500	———	May 15, 1917
TANGO MARU ...	14,000	———	June 19, 1917
NIKKO MARU ...	10,000	———	July 17, 1917

CALCUTTA LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

BOMBAY LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostock, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, apply to

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SWEDISH PAPER

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0⁰⁰ — Midnight, 13³⁰ — 1³⁰ p.m.

September 1st, 1916, and until further notice

Mail 101	Mail 3.	Luxe 1.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2.	Mail 4.	Mail 102.
B. s.	B. s.	B. S.			B. S.	B.	B. s.
2035	834	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2230	1980	1035
2345	1112	635	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1935	1700	730
2359	1117	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1653	715
000	1128	650	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1920	1645	700
1910	530	2310	524	arr. Mukden dep.	230	. .	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4.	Local 6.
	B. s.					B. s.	
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	1705	1950
725	1140	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	—	1655	1941
745	1200	—		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	1631	1911
1128	1500	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	1328	1508
1457	1746	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	—	1048	1138
1851	2041	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	808	845
7.	.	—	220	:	—	1	8.
800	2051	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	755	1812
1028	2231	—	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	—	601	1542
1300	038	—		arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	349	1311
1318	048	—	318	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	339	1256
1556	316	—	377	dep. Lincheng dep.	—	120	1032
1815	450	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	2336	810
9.	:	—	420	:	—	1	10.
630	457	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	2329	2007
1144	838	—	522	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	1958	1442
1200	840	—		dep. Pengpu arr.	—	1946	1432
1647	1132	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	1648	928
1848	1300	—	681	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1530	722

Express 16.	Express 10.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Express 1.	Express 15.
B. S.	B.					B.	B. S.
. .	1430	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	. .	1410	. .
2300	1430	. .	. .	dep. Nanking arr.	. .	1415	630
700	2130	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	. .	705	2300

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line						Linchang-Tsochuang Branch Line					
930	1355	2130	d.	Yenchowfu a.	630	1230	2000	550	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1048	1455	2232	a.	Tsiningchow d.	528	1125	1858	688	1219	1908	a. Tsochuang d.	708	1308	1958

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

3⁰⁰ — train runs on Thursday only. 2³⁰ — train runs on Fridays only.

3⁸⁰ — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

S — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER

Tientsin, September, 1916.

Japanese Cruiser Sails with Body Of Ambassador Guthrie

Remains Of American Envoy To Tokio Leave Capital For Funeral At Home

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Tokio, April 28.—The cruiser Azuma sailed for America, today, with the remains of the late Mr. George W. Guthrie, American Ambassador at Tokio, on board. Very elaborate ceremonies on land and sea took place when the remains were embarked, the battle-ship Suo being specially despatched to fire a salute of nineteen guns, while all the ships in harbor had their flags at half-mast. Baron Motono was among those who took farewell of the remains.

City Illuminated By Falling Shells

2 People Killed In Heaviest Bombardment Ever Experienced At Ramsgate

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 27.—The bombardment of Ramsgate was the heaviest experienced there. It opened at 2.15 a.m. with a brilliant display of star-shells, illuminating the whole town and neighborhood.

At least a hundred shells fell in the town in six minutes. A man and a woman were killed in their beds and a horse was killed in a village two miles from the sea.

Portuguese Expedition Arrives On West Front

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Lisbon, April 28.—The Portuguese Premier, Senhor Alfonso Costa, states that a strong expedition will shortly disembark in Mozambique, to co-operate in the complete defeat of the Germans in East Africa. He also announces the arrival of Portuguese troops in France.

STRIKE IN POLISH CITIES

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Zurich, April 28.—Serious strikes have occurred at Warsaw and Lodz and many arrests have been made.

BRITISH EXPORTS GAIN

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 28.—There was an increase of exports from the United Kingdom of £6,513,012 and a decrease in imports of £5,001,824, as compared with March last year.

Red Cross Society Of Peking Americans

Peking, April 30.—American women resident in Peking attended a meeting Saturday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Reinsch, wife of the American minister, for the purpose of organising an American Red Cross society. Practically all of the feminine half of the American community was represented.

Premier to Ask Leave, Is Peking Press Report

The friction between the office of the President and the Cabinet has again become intense and official despatches of the Cabinet which need the counter-signature of the President have been rejected, according to reports in the Chinese Press. There is a rumor that Premier Tuan Chi-jui will ask for leave of absence.

EXPLOSION IN SHELL PLANT

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 27.—The Press Bureau announces that a six-inch shell exploded in a munitions-works in Scotland, today, injuring a man and eleven women. Three of the latter succumbed to their injuries. No material damage was done.

Latest Thing In Riding Costumes

MISS MARY KECK

The above photograph shows the latest riding costume for women as worn by Miss Mary Keck at Coronado Beach, Cal.

The costume was designed by Miss Keck for her own use and it has made a big hit at the California resort.

Peking Foreign Advisers Report on War Question

All Treaties With Teutonic Powers Held Void In Case Of Hostilities

Peking, April 30.—The foreign advisers are reported to have jointly replied to the Peking Government as follows:

1.—After the declaration of war the treaties between China and Germany as well as those between China and Austria will become null and void.

2.—In the declaration of war it should be clearly stated that both the treaties with Germany and Austria have been cancelled.

3.—In the declaration of war it should also be stated that in the protocol of the Boxer troubles those portions relating to Germany and Austria have become null and void.

4.—There are two points for the declaration of cancelling treaties, namely:—

(a) Owing to the war the treaties between China and Germany such as signed on September 2, 1861 and in 1880 and all the other treaties and agreements are cancelled.

(b) The treaties between China and Austria such as signed on September 2, 1869, and all the others are cancelled.

The Peking Government is drafting the reasons for the declaration of the war against Germany, of which two are the submarine warfare still being carried out, and the detention of the Chinese Minister to Berlin.

NORWAY LOSES 25 SHIPS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 27.—Norwegian papers state that twenty-five Norwegian ships, with cargoes of food, coal and forage, largely for the Norwegian Government, have been sunk since February 1.

TEN THOUSAND

Years ago the dancing girls of Egypt performed the same sinuous, fascinating barefoot dance before King Khufu that

MISS FLAVEN

will do in the

ASTOR HOUSE

LOUNGE

during the Tea hour this afternoon, 5 to 7 p.m.

She will also sing a number of new songs just arrived.

'DUB' OR 'FIVE PIPS' STILL HELD BY TURKS

British Troops Make Valiant Attack On Natural Rock Fort; Hold Advantageous Position

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 28.—A British official despatch from Salonica reports: On Thursday night, a strong attack on the Doiran to Vardar front penetrated our trenches. Our immediate counter-attack drove out the enemy, who left many dead.

A description of the opening of the British offensive in the Balkans, received from Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters in Macedonia, shows the extraordinary strength of the position which the British could not hold, as mentioned in the official communique issued on the 25th. It consists of a series of hills and ridges intersected by deep ravines and tortuous watercourses, the hills culminating in a great rugged crest known as "Dub" or "Five Pips," which towers like a sinister spirit keeping a watchful eye on every part of our position.

Apart from natural advantages, this rocky massif is protected by three distinct lines of defence, running east and west and following the course of the deepest and rockiest ravine in these hills. There are also numerous subsidiary works, including deep stretches of wire and abundant dug-outs, the whole supported by powerful artillery.

Nevertheless, our lads reached their objective after unprecedented opposition, but the enemy successfully counter-attacked, in great strength, before we could consolidate. However, the positions we retained gave us an important salient, which will facilitate our future task. Throughout, our men fought with a dash and resourcefulness which is a sure earnest of ultimate victory.

News Brevities

The ninth subscription list of the China and Japan War Savings Association opens today. During Race Days next week the association will be open only from nine o'clock in the morning to noon.

* * *

Mr. G. A. Richardson has returned to Shanghai from a visit to the south.

* * *

Mr. Hayley Morriss has left for a short holiday in Canada. He will join Mrs. Morriss in the Dominion. Mrs. Morriss left Shanghai a couple of weeks ago.

* * *

Two employes of the Ivy Dairy were sentenced to prison for two months in the Mixed Court yesterday on a charge of stealing seals from milk bottles and adulterating the milk. The charge was preferred by Mr. A. K. Moores, who said he had followed one of the men on his route and seen him adulterating the milk.

* * *

Messrs. Arkell and Douglas, Inc., the well-known shipping commission merchants of New York, London, Canada, Australia, Africa, etc., have today opened offices at 38 Canton Road. Mr. H. Naftaly, whose name is familiar to the business men of the port, has taken local charge of the firm's affairs.

* * *

In our report of the S.V.C. Annual Inspection it was stated that the artillery pony which had fallen down in a fit, recovered after the inspection was over. It seems that the pony (No. 24), which belonged to No. 4 gun, did not recover after all. The cause of death is not actually known, but it is thought to have been heart failure, following on an attack of colic.

* * *

Miss Jessie Ackerman, F.R.S.G.S., will lecture this evening at nine o'clock at the home of Mrs. J. J. Connell, No. 4 The Bund, on "Some Noted People I have Met." When Miss Ackerman delivered a series of morning lectures in Shanghai last Autumn a number of men expressed their regret at not being able to hear her, hence this lecture. Among the men she will discuss are Count Tolstoi and Sir Rabindranath Tagore, the poet. There will also be a musical program, including some songs by Mrs. Connell. The proceeds of the lecture will go to war relief funds.

JAPANESE STUDYING TARIFF

Tokio, April 30.—The Department of Agriculture and Commerce is studying the question of tariff revision in China. That department has gathered all the materials from all sources about the effect on Japanese trade in China and the conditions Japan should propose in case Japan accepts the proposal of China and the investigations are making good progress. As soon as the investigations are concluded the substantial propositions will be sent to the Foreign Office by that department and then the attitude of Japan will be decided.

HAYASHI VISITS PREMIER

Peking, April 30.—Baron Hayashi, the Japanese Minister to Peking, paid a visit to Premier Tuan Chi-jui. The visit has attracted much attention from the public.

Submarine Bombards Gouraya with Success

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 28.—An official communique issued in Berlin states that a German submarine recently successfully bombarded the harbor-works at Gouraya, in Algeria, which was important for enemy transports loading. A bridge was destroyed and another badly damaged.

CAPT. SCHMITT SHOWS PLIGHT OF ALSATIANS

Inhabitants of Conquered Provinces Prefer Every Sacrifice To Remaining German

A picture of Alsace-Lorraine from the war of 1871 to the present crucial times for those provinces was painted by Captain Schmitt of the French police in an address before L'Alliance Francaise yesterday afternoon.

The martyrdom of the lost provinces was traced in their various efforts to free themselves from German tyranny. Advised by the French government to remain in the provinces, though under German rule, after the peace of 1871 was signed, the Alsatians did so, suffering the humiliations of a conquered people. Captain Schmitt summed up their position thus:

"On the one side we find sorrow, hatred of the invader and a constant affirmation of French sentiment. On the German side we find brutality, a contempt of all justice, an absence of every elevating feeling toward those whom they styled in their books and newspapers as 'reconquered brothers.'"

The various laws passed for the provinces, which the speaker sketched, in no wise changed their status.

"The constitution of May 31, 1911, set practically a definite stop to the free development of the Alsatians' legitimate polity."

The speaker went on: "No effort was made to conciliate the governed. The sole purpose aimed at was the security of the Empire effected through the limitation of freedom. There ends the history of the period preceding the war."

After showing how the martyrdom of the French in the two provinces has become even more terrible since the war, the speaker concluded thus:

"But nothing can eradicate the desire to remain French, and in unison with Belgium, with the invalid provinces, with every country which has felt the Prussian heel, Alsace-Lorraine declaims loudly:

"Every sacrifice rather than the shame of being German."

Six Million Acres Of Land For Peasants

Rumanian War Participants Will Be Given Large Grants; Universal Suffrage

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 28.—The Times correspondent at Jassy states that the Cabinet Council has decided, with the concurrence of the Liberals and Conservatives, to divide among the peasants who have participated in the war six million acres belonging to large land-owners. The large Crown and State lands will be divided up in a similar manner. Universal suffrage will be established.

WANG I-TANG RETURNS

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, April 29.—Mr. Wang I-tang, who was despatched to Europe some time ago to study the war situation, returned to Tientsin last week. He arrived in Peking yesterday.

Nanyuan Aerodrome's First Fatal Accident

Pei Yung-kwei's Machine Collapsing, He Falls 700 Feet To Death

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, April 29.—The aviator Pei Yung-kwei was killed at Nanyuan aerodrome, yesterday. He was flying in a high wind, when his machine capsized and he fell 700 feet.

[This is the first fatal accident since the school was established nearly four years ago.]

TROOPS QUIT CHENGTU

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, April 30.—Governor Tai Kan has telegraphed to the Central Government that the conflicting forces have left Chengtu, the Tuchun's seal has been handed over to him and he will for the present act concurrently as Tuchun. Nevertheless, he urges the appointment of a competent official to relieve him of the difficult post.

Telegrams from both the conflicting parties continue to pour in, each accusing the other of being responsible for the disturbance. A telegram despatched in the name of the people of Chengtu accuses the Yunnanese of setting fire to the houses around the Tuchun's yamen and indiscriminately shooting private citizens, who have suffered greatly as a result of the conflict.

CONGRATULATE SAILORS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 28.—The Press Bureau states that His Majesty the King has sent his congratulations to H. M. S. Swift and H. M. S. Broke on their gallant fight off Dover.

Wang Fu-wei Removed From Post In Ministry

Official Accused Of Bribery Relieved From Office As Vice-Minister of Communications

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, April 29.—Mr. Wang Fu-wei has been relieved of his post as Vice-Minister of Communications. Mr. Wang Fu-wei was one of the officials accused of being concerned in the Tientsin-Pukow Railway scandals.

The Government has received a telegram from the Governor of Chekiang reporting that the family of Yin Ju-li, who is wanted in connection with the bribery case, have returned to their native place in Chekiang, but the whereabouts of Yin Ju-li are still unknown.

The partiality shown in the Communications corruption case, as compared with the Finance bribery case, is severely criticised in official circles. It is anticipated in some quarters that Mr. Hsu Shih-ying's resignation will be accepted and the whole case ended.

Although the investigators recommend severe punishment of those concerned in the case, their report makes little mention of the parts played by the Minister and Vice-Minister.

If Mr. Hsu Shih-ying is relieved of his post, the Premier's difficulties will be still further increased. Even now, he has difficulty in obtaining a quorum at meetings of the Cabinet, owing to vacancies caused by illness and resignations.

The result of the voting in the Senate on the nomination of Mr. Li Ching-hsi as Minister of Finance is, therefore, awaited with great interest.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo from Hankow:—Mrs. Harvey Delano.

Per S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru from Dairy:—Mr. K. Kondo, Mrs. E. Kirke and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. F. Oldis, and Mr. J. B. Saylor. From Tsingtao:—Mr. and Mrs. Tanaka, and Mr. T. Sugano.

Per P.M. s.s. Colombia from Hongkong:—Messrs. G. H. Abbott, N. V. Auchorosky, F. W. Barnes, Chun Wing-kew, and L. Dresbellis, Mrs. E. Fowler, Miss K. Fowler, Miss M. Fowler, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Fitzsimmons, Mr. F. S. Gibbings, Mrs. D. S. Gubbay and infant, Mr. D. L. Grady, Mrs. R. George, Mrs. Hung Shee, Master V. Rung, Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Harvey, Miss Judah, Mrs. A. M. Kerr, Mr. T. S. Killian, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Choon-guan, Messrs. Pang Sang, Lee Choon-guan, C. F. Lin, S. A. Marden, F. L. Manderfield, and R. C. Morton, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Philan, Miss E. Rowe, Miss A. Rogerson, Mr. A. M. Samuels, Mrs. Sy Gip, Mr. Tam Wootong, Mr. and Mrs. R. Wingate, Miss E. Wilder, Mr. and Mrs. Wong, and Mr. Yay Tai-chong.

Per P. & O. s.s. Nagoya from Marseilles:—Mr. G. B. Adamson, Mr. A. Fairgrieve, Mr. P. H. Lacon. From London:—Major H. S. Buckmaster. From Bombay:—Mr. C. Knight, Mr. and Mrs. S. Nakashima and 2 children, Mr. S. Kondo, Dr. and Mrs. D. H. Davison, Mr. Geo. Miller, Mr. D. B. Binning, Mr. and Mrs. J. McDonald, Miss Baggen, Rev. and Mrs. J. Nilen, Mr. A. Fearnley, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Fairbank, Miss Chesney, Mr. Nakashimas, Mr. K. Skibagaki, Mr. C. S. Abraham. From Colombo:—Mr. D. L. Dawson. From Penang:—Dr. and Mrs. T. H. Jamieson, Mr. G. N. Burnham. From Singapore:—Mr. F. Hee, Mr. Lom Tsoy-sing, Miss C. V. Pearce, Mr. F. S. Lownds, Mr. C. Cunradi, Mr. A. D. Duncan. From Hongkong:—Mr. O. P. Partlett, Mr. S. Yamamoto, Mr. G. S. Springer, Mr. W. Downie, Lr.—Col. and Mrs. G. A. Derrick, Mr. and Master R. D. Byers, Mr. P. L. Ham, Mr. A. G. Nicholls, Mrs. Porteous, Miss R. Porteous, and Miss C. Porteous.

Per C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Russia from Japan:—Mrs. C. I. Anderson, Mr. L. M. Ashton, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Burrett, Mr. J. V. Budell, Mrs. S. Bugge, Mr. J. L. Butts, Mr. H. Carter, Mr. C. H. Clifton, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Chandless, Mr. H. A. Charlton, Mr. and Mrs. R. Dollar, Mr. and Mrs. H. Dollar and child, Dr. and Mrs. R. N. Dunlap and 2 children, Mr. J. A. El Nous, Miss E. Fuller, Mr. P. N. Forum, Mr. J. R. Fraser, Mr. E. H. Gilson, Mr. and Mrs. R. Lang, Mr. and Mrs. H. I. Liang and 2 children, Mr. C. Martin, Mr. H. Farble, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Malm, Mr. R. G. McDonald, Mr. A. L. Picard, Mr. F. A. Pocock, Mr. N. Pfeffer, Mr. S. C. B. Lutz, Mr. C. T. Raines, Mr. E. A. Nel's, Miss M. Wu, Mrs. A. M. White, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. White and child, Rev. C. A. Dubbs, Miss R. Maurice, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Patton, Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Whitman, Miss P. D. Bowditch, Mrs. F. H. Barff, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Britton, Mrs. J. R. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. McDonald, Miss H. E. McCloskie, Mr. L. H. Thornton, Mr. C. H. Strauss, Mr. H. C. Frans, Mr. A. G. Hamilton Mr. and Mrs. P. P. Mirksch, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Newman, Mr. and Mrs. A. Biggs and 2 children, Misses L. and C. Biggs, Messrs. J. L. A. and Misses Eliz and E. Duff, Mr. H. Lee, Mr. Moy Due, Dr. C. S. Mills, Mr. Moy Juong-poy, Mr. N. L. Napier, Mr. and Mrs. E. Rose and 2 children, Mrs. H. W. and Misses L. and S. White, Messrs. H. H. H. White.

Per C.P.O.S. s.s. Monteagle from Hongkong;—Mr. P. W. Ball, Mr. A. H. Beetham, Mr. J. H. Bulmer, Mrs. W. Davey, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Hart, Misses M. and I. Tormy, Mr. G. E. Willems.

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo:—Mrs. Houfe, and Miss Wadman.

Per C.M. s.s. Haean, from Foochow:—Mrs. Waugh, Mrs. Tamplin, Messrs. J. Smith and J. F. Sallerwhite.

Per C.N. s.s. Tatung from Hankow:—Miss Kay, Miss Mirrman, Dr. and Mrs. Adams and 3 children, Mr. H. J. Kundsen, Mr. H. Paster, Mr. Corss, Mr. and Mrs. B. Giles.

Per C.N. s.s. Shengking from Tientsin:—Mr. Mathias, Mr. Bernhardt, Mrs. Sly, and Mrs. Manning.

Pawnee Smoking Mixture

IS SO COMPRESSED THAT IT CANNOT BREAK INTO "SHORTS"

Westminster Tobacco Co. Ltd.

Business and Official Notices

In His Britannic Majesty's Supreme Court for China at Shanghai.

Company Jurisdiction.

IN THE MATTER of Noel, Murray & Co., Ltd. and Reduced AND IN THE MATTER of The Companies Ordinance 1911 of the Colony of Hongkong.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order of His Britannic Majesty's Supreme Court for China dated the 16th day of April, 1917, confirming the reduction of the capital of the above-named Company from Tls. 100,000 to Tls. 50,000 and the minute approved by the Court showing with respect to the capital of the Company as altered the several particulars required by the above ordinance was registered by the Registrar of Companies on the 26th day of April, 1917.

The said minute is in the words and figures following:—

The Capital of Noel, Murray & Company, Limited and Reduced, is from henceforth Tls. 50,000 divided into 500 shares of Tls. 100 each instead of the original capital of Tls. 100,000 divided into 1,000 shares of Tls. 100 each. At the time of the registration of this minute the sum of Tls. 100 is to be deemed paid up on each of the said shares which have been issued as fully paid up otherwise than in cash.

Dated the 30th day of April, 1917.

(Sgd.) Hanson, McNeill, Jones & Wright.
Solicitors for the Company.

13669

THE CATHAY TRUST, LIMITED
(In Voluntary Liquidation)

NOTICE

The Creditors of the above-named Company are required, on or before the 28th day of May, 1917, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors (if any), to F. N. Matthews, F. C. A. and J. C. Dyer of 10 Canton Road, Shanghai, the Liquidators of the said Company, and, if so required, by notice in writing from the said Liquidators, are, by their Solicitors, or personally, to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default therefore they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

AND

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 181 of the Companies Ordinance 1911, that a meeting of the Creditors of The Cathay Trust, Limited, will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 10 Canton Road, Shanghai, on Monday, the 28th day of May, 1917, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon for the purposes provided for in the said Section.

F. N. MATTHEWS.
J. C. DYER.
Liquidators.

Dated the 1st day of May, 1917.

Depots are open for the sale of Machine Made ICE at

Hongkew Market Maloo Market Wayside Market 8 Thorne Road 69 Yangtszepoo Rd.	6 to 10 A.M. 4 to 6 P.M.

10 lbs. Ice will be given in exchange for a METAL CHECK.

CHECKS are now on sale at the COMPANY'S OFFICES,

8 Thorne Road,
69 Yangtszepoo Road.

20 CHECKS PRICE $3.00

ICE DELIVERED 2 cents per lb.

Arrangements regarding deliveries can only be made through HEAD OFFICE,

8 THORNE ROAD.

SHANGHAI ICE & COLD STORAGE COMPANY, LIMITED.

13663

BILL SMITH

Bill Smith went down to his bredkfast chow
Of one fried egg and yesterday's cow.
Said he to the missus:
"Now that we're here.
"Let's start the day right—bring some 'Elephant' Beer."

"ELEPHANT HEAD" PILSENER BEER IS REAL BEER

Ask Bill

Garner, Quelch & Co.
Wine Merchants

French War Funds Committee

French and Allied firms or administrations are kindly requested to furnish the undersigned with all the particulars concerning their French employees, former Shanghai residents, having been wounded during the present warfare.

P. LEGENDRE,
Treasurer of the Committee
c/o French Municipal Council.

Shanghai Race Club

Spring Race Meeting, 1917
7th, 8th and 9th May

TICKETS of Admission have been sent to Members and their Wives. A limited number of Tickets of Admission to the Grand Stand can be obtained from the Secretary, on the nomination of any Member, with the approval of the Stewards, on or before 4 p.m., on Saturday, 5th May, at a cost of $10 each. APPLICATION MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY CASH.

The issue of Free Tickets of Admission to the Grand Stand for Ladies is limited to the Wives and Daughters of Grand Stand Ticket Holders.

Tickets of Admission for the three Official Race Days and Off Day to the unreserved part of the Compound only, may be obtained at the Gate or from Messrs. Kelly and Walsh, Ltd.

Price—$6 for Gentlemen.
$3 for Ladies.

Single day tickets obtainable at the Gate only.

Price—$3 for Gentlemen.
$2 for Ladies.

Tickets for the "Off" Day obtainable at the Gate only.

Price—$1 each.

Tiffin and Tea Tickets for Members and Grand Stand Ticket-holders only, may be obtained at the Grand Stand on the Race Days:—

Tiffin Tickets .....Price $2.00 each
Tea Tickets .....Price $0.50 each

The tiffin interval will be after the Third Race each day.

The First Saddling Bell will be rung punctually at 11.15 a.m. each day.

By Order of the Stewards
A. W. OLSEN
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

13657

RING UP **3809**

for a comfortable 5-passenger car

PER HOUR **$4.00** PER HOUR

CENTRAL GARAGE CO., LTD.
2a Jinkee Road.

Zung Lee & Sons. (W. Z. Zee & Sons Fst: 1895) 5 Broadway, Shanghai.

LOCKS YALE HARDWARE

COMPLETE STOCKS ON HAND

KNAPP & BAXTER, INC.
IMPORTERS OF
AMERICAN PRODUCTS
6 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, China
Phone: No. 1860 Chinese Dept. No. 1625

Spring and Summer Suits
New American Material and Styles, latest Patterns, in Small Checks and Stripes.
THOM SHING
G. 19 Tiendong Road, near Broadway

Arkell & Douglas, Inc.,

wish to announce to their clients and to the trade in general that they are now ready for business at their new Shanghai offices

No. 38 Canton Road (top floor)

Telephone Central 2002

H. Naftaly, Agent.

Shanghai, May 1, 1917.

13670

The Shanghai Co-operative Society, Ltd.

This Society has now been registered under the provisions of the Hongkong Companies Ordinances 1911/15, with a

Capital of $50,000

divided into 5,000 fully paid up shares of $10 each, and is prepared to receive applications for shares. Prospectuses may be seen and obtained at the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank's Hongkew Sub-Agency, or on application at the Society's offices, No. 4B Peking Road (next door B. P. O.).

We understand that there has been some misunderstanding as to the meaning of the clause, "Minimum Subscription" in the issued Prospectus. This refers to the allotment of shares to the Committee only. The holding, therefore, of one (or more) shares constitutes a shareholder.

WHOLESALE FIRMS

or local representatives are invited to submit price lists and samples to the Society's office as above.

FOR SALE

Steinway Baby Grand, in good condition. For particulars, apply to Box 478, THE CHINA PRESS.

13653 M 3

When you think of

Szechuen Province

Think of

WIDLER & CO.,

Chungking, W. China.

Born 1915 — Still Existing

AUTOMATIC
TIME STAMPS
Showing Name of Firm, date, time (hour and minute). Cylinder equipped with 4 words, as Received, Answered, etc.
THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
TEL. 4778 4 CANTON ROAD, SHANGHAI. TEL. 4778

OVERSEAS CLUB

MEMBERS' CONVERSAZIONE

PALACE HOTEL,
Wednesday, May 2, 1917.
at 5 p.m.

Vocal And Instrumental Music
by
Mrs. A. C. Godby
Mrs. W. B. Sutherland
Mr. S. J. Deeks
Mr. M. D. Silas
and
Prof. Papini's renowned String Band.

TICKETS, $1.00 each, may be obtained from Messrs. S. Moutrie and Co., Ltd., The Robinson Piano Co., Ltd., Edward Evans and Sons, Ltd., A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd., or The Palace Hotel.

13584

NOTICE

BY mutual consent, the interest and responsibility of Mr. Andrew Augustus Brady in our firm ceased on the 30th April, 1917.

NOEL, MURRAY & CO., LTD.
and reduced.

Referring to the above, I have this day established myself as a Stock and Share Broker.

A. A. BRADY.
c/o Shanghai Stock Exchange
Telephone No. 450.

Shanghai, 1st May, 1917. 13664

The Cathay Trust, Limited
(In Voluntary Liquidation)

Notice to Preference Shareholders

HOLDERS of PREFERENCE SHARES are hereby required to deposit such shares forthwith at the offices of the liquidators, No. 10 Canton Road, Shanghai, Certificates for shares so deposited will be issued by the liquidators and must be retained by the holders until exchanged for warrants on the Company's Bankers on a date to be advertised later.

Return of Capital can only be made against production of the liquidators' certificates referred to above.

F. N. MATTHEWS,
J. C. DYER,
Liquidators.

T. F.

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms (Front and back, with bathrooms and verandah) to let. Moderate prices. Good table.

Tel. 3482 9408

Nos. 8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens
(Facing Park)

A large flat, two large and one small room, with board. Bathroom and verandah attached; very cool summer time. Tel. 1946

BOARD-RESIDENCE

Location: Central, quiet, and select.
Terms: Monthly and very moderate.
Cuisine and Service: Excellent.
Apply to Box No. 184
THE CHINA PRESS.

13976

TO LET, a nicely-furnished room, with bathroom attached. Breakfast if required. Rent moderate. Apply 57, Range Road.

13668 M 2

WESTERN. In refined, most comfortable residence, few guests received, with board, from date, charming surroundings. French, English lessons given. Apply to Box 480, THE CHINA PRESS.

13666 M 4

TO LET, a small unfurnished room. Terms moderate. Apply to Box 467, THE CHINA PRESS.

13627

APARTMENTS WANTED

A MARRIED couple (Americans) wish room and board in American or French family. Apply to Box 474, THE CHINA PRESS.

13647 M 1

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, from 1st June, in the western district, near to French and English trams, two five-roomed, semi-detached houses, with attics and up-to-date bathrooms, garage and tennis court. Apply to Box 481, THE CHINA PRESS.

13673

TO LET, 6 roomed, furnished house in French-town, from June 9th to November 1st. Apply to Box 460, THE CHINA PRESS.

13676 T. F.

BROADWAY TERRACE; 4 roomed houses to let in Broadway. Apply to 10 Yangtszepoo Road.

13601 M 1

EDUCATIONAL

PIANO LESSONS wanted by an American. Particulars and terms to Box 462, THE CHINA PRESS.

13622 M 2

PRIVATE lessons in English by certificated professional English lady teacher. Reasonable terms. Apply to Box 452, THE CHINA PRESS.

13591 M 1

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, six-roomed house in the Western district or French-town, on or before the first of June. Apply to Box 406, THE CHINA PRESS.

13675 T. F.

WANTED, 6 or 7-roomed house with attics, in Hongkew district, about the beginning of June next. Apply to Box 470, THE CHINA PRESS.

13639 M 1

SITUATIONS WANTED

EXPERIENCED accountant and all-round office man of neutral nationality, who can furnish excellent testimonials and references, is open to consider any reasonable offer for a change. Apply to Box 409, THE CHINA PRESS.

13633 M 2

WANTED, position as office assistant or steno-typist. Good reference. Apply to Box 479, THE CHINA PRESS.

13662 M 3

EXECUTIVE POSITION. Young American, 30, of good education, and now holding responsible position; with six years' business experience throughout China; well acquainted with Shanghai and knowledge of Chinese, desires executive position, with promise of excellent future in return for untiring efforts. Kindly give full details of position, salary, future prospects, etc. Address to Box 475, THE CHINA PRESS.

13648 M 1

YOUNG AMERICAN LADY desires position as typist and general office work. No experience, willing to give few weeks trial. Apply to Box 477, THE CHINA PRESS.

13652 M 5

LADY, with knowledge of Russian, wants position for general office work. Apply to Box 466, THE CHINA PRESS.

13627

THOSE desirous of obtaining the services of good Japanese or Chinese servants, clerks, etc., are requested to apply to the Philanthropic Association (Aijinkwai), Nos. 137-8 Foochow Road. No charge made. Telephone 3129.

13497

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, Harley-Davidson motor-cycle, twin cylinder, three-speed gear, with a Cygnet rear car to hold three people, for $900. Been in use only for five months. Apply to S. K. Tsao, Chinese Y. M. C. A., 120 Szechuen Road.

13672 M 1 3

FOR SALE, a Chinese pony and two-seated top surrey, with new harness. Pony sound and well-trained; can be driven by lady or child. Owner leaving for home. Any reasonable offer will be considered. Address Dr. Evans, Nanking.

13613 M 1

SHAW 2½ h.p. motor-cyclette for sale, brand new. Tls. 150. Apply to Box 456, THE CHINA PRESS.

13606 M 2

LOST

LOST: a promissory note of Hung Sunk Bank (恆昇莊), for $200, dated April 17th (Chinese). It has been declared null and void and bank managers should note the fact and refuse to pay same on presentation.

ZUNG MING-TUCK.
陳明德

13661

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 9